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VOL. LXVIII.—NO. 137. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 31. 1901. WHOLE NO. 10,617

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Commodore Sargent, of the U. S. gunboat Machias, at Colon, cables that matters there are very quiet. —— Dun's review of trade reports that orders for Fall goods have exceeded any previous year. —— There are indications that the steel workers' strike is nearing its climax. ——Twenty-eight persons perished as a result of the explosion on the steamboat City of Trenton. —— The wreck of a train on the Northern Central Thursday night resulted in the death of eleven persons. —— The National Rifle Association of America began a ten-days' shoot at Seagirt, N. J. —— The $150,000 brought from England to wager on the cup race will be covered here at odds of five to three. —— Eleven negroes jailed at Jackson, Miss., last night for firing a fusilade of shots at a town while boarding a train of cars. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2@3 per cent., the last loan being at 2 per cent.; cotton steady, middling uplands 8¼c; flour firm and fairly active; corn—spot firm, No. 2 61½c; wheat—spot firm, No. red 77¼c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1 40@1 45; spirits turpentine quiet at 36@36¼c

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 30.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 72 degrees; 8 P. M., 77 degrees; maximum, 84 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 77 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, 6.82 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 16 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The weather has continued warm and generally fair in the western districts, with a few scattering rains. Showers are reported from the eastern districts. Rainfall at Greenwood, S. C., 2.74 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—For North Carolina—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday, except probably showers on the coast; light winds, mostly easterly.

Port Almanac—August 31.

Sun Rises	5.30 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.30 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H.
High Water at Southport	8 19 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	10 49 A. M.

Ashland, Mass., has an aspiring girl who recently climbed to the top of a church steeple 135 feet high, which, however, didn't equal a previous performance, when she climbed to the top of a 175-foot smoke stack and sat there for some minutes.

It is hard to completely break the force of early habit. A man who has been living the life of a recluse for thirty years in Connecticut, and had not been in a town in all that time, walked seven miles last Tuesday to buy an apple pie.

An illustration of the law's delay was furnished in the State of Washington when a man convicted of murder ten years ago, was hanged, after seven trials and seven convictions. All the new trials were granted on technicalities.

A Western editor wants to know where "Fighting Bob" Evans ever did any remarkably distinguished fighting to entitle him to the "Fighting Bob" attachment. Perhaps he did it with his mouth, as so many other "braves" do.

Dr. Andrews, Chancellor of the University of Nebraska, says "white lies" are not only excusable but necessary, in fact we couldn't get along without them. As a matter of fact this would be a very unsociable world if everybody blurted out the straight truth on all occasions.

A Havana dispatch tells of a trained nurse, who was experimenting with yellow fever dispensing mosquitoes, being laid up with a case of fever from the "accidental" bite of one of them. Who ever heard of an accidental bite by a mosquito? They always do it on purpose.

A Baltimore engraver has performed the feat of engraving the letters of the alphabet on the head of an ordinary sized pin. The letters are in capitals and are in two circles around the head, the &c being in the center. He did it in an hour and a half with an ordinary engraving tool.

Lee Rice, a Kentucky farmer, learned when a boy the maxim, "if the first time you don't succeed, try, try again." Three times he tried to commit suicide and failed. He was in a field a few days ago where some men were employed in removing stumps with dynamite. He grabbed a stick, put it in his mouth and applied a match. There was a report and that was all. There wasn't enough of him left to try any more.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. Wiley Sholar returned to Tarboro yesterday.

— Mrs. Bellamy Harriss left yesterday to visit at Greenville, N. C.

— Col. H. B. Short, of Lake Wacamaw, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. J. J. Croswell, of the Southern Express Company, is in the city.

— Mr. J. A. Murphy, of Atkinson, N. C., was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— The following persons from Laurinburg were guests at The Orton yesterday: Mrs. H. G. Jones, Misses Ruby James, K. Hamer, M. Hamer, R. Hamer, McIntosh; Messrs. A. A. James, L. P. McNair and Dr. Hamer.

— Rev. R. S. Rone, of Rockingham, formerly Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District M. E. Church, was in the city yesterday, the guest of Mr. W. E. Springer. Rev. Mr. Rone is now Presiding Elder of the Rockingham district.

BAD NAVASSA NEGRO.

He Was Bound Over to Superior Court by Mayor Waddell Yesterday—Cartridges Found On Street.

Isaac Jones, the bad negro from Navassa, who terrorized the down town territory of Wilmington night before last with an empty pistol which he invariably brandished in the face of fifteen or twenty pursuers, was held for the Superior Court by Mayor Waddell yesterday morning in the sum of $150 justified bond, failing to give which he went to jail.

The negro was entirely recovered when he took his seat in the prisoner's box yesterday morning, and wanted postponement of his examination until he could secure witnesses. The testimony against him, however, as to his shooting the negro Louis Howard on the steamer *Wilmington's* wharf was conclusive, and the police officers were abundantly prepared to testify as to his assault with a deadly weapon on various and sundry persons by whom he was chased. The negro Howard declined to say positively that Jones is the negro who shot him, but he said that Jones was in a crowd of three, one of whom fired upon him.

A gentleman walking across the Second and Princess street crossing yesterday morning found three 38 calibre cartridges, which were evidently dropped out of the negro's weapon as he ran or were dropped by him in attempting to load the revolver.

THE COMING THEATRICAL SEASON.

Engagement of Rudolph and Adolph Last Night Cancelled—Adverse Criticism.

The theatre season at Wilmington for the Fall and Winter did not open last night as was scheduled. Mason & Mason, as co-stars in the farcical play "Rudolph and Adolph" were advertised as the opening attraction but Manager Schloss, who arrived Thursday night from Greensboro, says that the company cancelled its engagement here in order to reach Charleston in time to play to-night.

Judging from the criticism of the show in yesterday's Raleigh *News and Observer* is is perhaps as well that the date here was cancelled. Among other things the *News and Observer* says:

"As a beer hall show it would doubtless prove a New York success, but to those who last night paid $1 to see it there is 90 cents coming. There was a real good German medley of popular songs, some laugbable situations, with now and then a witty line; but somehow the entirely-new musical play part got cut out."

Since the cancellation of the "Rudolph and Adolph" engagement, the opening attraction now will be Alvin Joslin, the comedian, who will be seen at the Opera House Sept. 16th.

Rev. Dr. Graham Will Preach.

The Rev. A. T. Graham, D. D., of Davidson College, will preach in the First Presbyterian Church Sunday. The morning service will be at 11 o'clock, and the evening service at 6 o'clock. Dr. Graham is an interesting talker, deep in thought and entertaining to a degree seldom attained. A large congregation should be present at each service.

Beatty's Iron Bridge.

The river steamer *A. J. Johnson*, which cleared yesterday afternoon for points up Black River, carried as a cargo a large quantity of material for "Beatty's new iron bridge" in Pender county. The bridge will be substantial in every respect and a great convenience to the people of that community.

Will Go On Ways.

The tug *Navassa*, Capt. J. H. Williams, will go on the ways at Skinner's shipyard to-day for her annual repainting and overhauling preparatory to the Fall and Winter business. She will be off the river only a few days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A. D. Brown—Carpets, rugs.
Seashore Hotel—Last dances.
Two Banks—No business Monday.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Board—At Worsley's Dairy Lunch.

BASEBALL PENNANT.

"Plain, Unvarnished Statement" From Wilmington Athletic Association About Matter.

REVIEW OF RALEIGH AFFAIR.

Wilmington Was Refused Guarantee and Not Allowed to Maintain Contract, Says the Management—Other Notes and Comments.

The Wilmington Baseball Association's reply to the aspersions of the Raleigh Athletic Association cast upon the Wilmington team through a press telegram sent out by President Wm. J. Andrews, of the Raleigh Athletic Association, on the 26th day of August:

The unkind treatment received by the Wilmington baseball team on its last visit to Raleigh must seem so patent to the general public that but for the attempted subterfuge of an excuse sent out by telegram from Raleigh on the 26th inst., signed "Wm. J. Andrews, President Raleigh Athletic Association," we should not attempt anything further than what has already been said on the subject through the press. The statements made in this telegram are so unjust to Wilmington, and so many patent facts have been omitted by Mr. Andrews in his argument for Raleigh's action, that we beg to ask the following questions of the Raleigh Athletic Association:

1st. Will they deny that the management of their ball team had agreed with the management of the Wilmington ball team that they would together go to the city of Newbern on Monday, August 26th, and there on that date play one of the pennant series games of ball, and that Raleigh, acting for the two ball teams, had made satisfactory arrangements with the Newbern people for the playing of this game of ball there on that date, and had notified the said Newbern people that the two teams would be there on that date to play?

2nd. Do they attempt on other than purely technical grounds to affirm that the Wilmington team was obliged to remain in Raleigh longer than Saturday, August 24th, after having been there for five days at their own expense for the purpose of playing the first five games of the pennant series—one of which was ordered played over by the President of the National League, and another postponed on account of rain—for the purpose of playing these two deferred games? And that had the Wilmington team become a willing party with the Raleigh team in breaking faith with the Newbern people, as Raleigh tried to force them to do, will they further attempt to affirm that the Wilmington team should have done so except upon a guarantee from Raleigh of the sum of $80.00—$40.00 per game for the two deferred games?

3rd. Will they attempt to deny, except upon technical grounds again, that when the Wilmington management requested of their Association, on the evening of the 24th of August, the guarantee of $40.00 per game for the five days, as mentioned in question second, the same was not justly due and that it should not have been paid promptly on demand?

4th. Will they attempt to deny that after failure of the Wilmington management to collect the guarantees, as recited in question third, the Raleigh Athletic Association refused to pay one-half of the gross gate receipts of the pennant games played during the week, to which Wilmington was rightfully and legally due, and that the Wilmington team thereby was temporarily stranded and embarrassed to such extent that they were compelled to leave Raleigh without being able to settle for their hotel expenses, and without sufficient funds of their own with which to pay their transportation home?

5th. Will they attempt to deny that had the circumstances been reversed, whereby Raleigh had been playing in Wilmington that week with similar adverse weather conditions, the Raleigh team would have demanded from Wilmington the agreed daily guarantee of $40.00 for the five games scheduled for that week.

6th. Will they attempt to claim, with their knowledge of baseball manners and customs, that they did not know "the first five games in Raleigh" clause of the agreement, on which they lay so much stress, meant the first five days of the schedule named for the pennant series games? And did they deem it a just course to try and compel the Wilmington team to remain two additional days in Raleigh, at their own expense, to play the postponed games, with the proffer of the usual per game guarantee?

7th. As in their telegram they admit that the action of the Raleigh Athletic Association was purely to force Wilmington to remain and play there Monday, will they now deny that such action was totally unwarranted, under any conditions; that the failure to pay the money rightfully due was not only discourteous, but that it carried with it an implied breach of faith; that it forced upon the Wilmington team and its manager certain humiliations and hardships for the time being; and that any payment of money at this time does not expiate for or excuse the rash act?

So much in reply to this telegram.

And now for the facts in the matter as the Wilmington Base Ball Association has them. They admit that the contract entered into between the two teams for the playing of the Pennant Series calls for "first five games in Raleigh," but they feel convinced that a fair minded public will agree that this implied that the first five games should have been played within the first five days of the schedule, and that Wilmington should not have been forced to remain in Raleigh beyond these first five days, without the usual guarantee for their expenses, for the purpose of playing the postponed games. As evidence of this having been the general understanding by all concerned the following quotation from letter of Mr. President Higgs of the League to Mr. President Dick of the Wilmington Association, under date of August 22nd, will show. He says, "Answering your esteemed favor of August 21st, 1901, beg to state that the schedule for the pennant series is for the *first five games to be played in Raleigh this week.*" This would seem to entirely break the force of Raleigh's technical contention in not paying Wilmington the guarantees, coming as it does from the President of the League, and should show beyond doubt that Raleigh was attempting intimidation and bluff towards Wilmington in the matter, which happily the individual members of the team had pride enough to meet in manly fashion. The agreement to pay the usual League guarantees for the pennant games was insisted upon by Raleigh, and she was first to break faith in the matter. Wilmington finally agreed to make the guarantees, and had the five games scheduled for here failed under any circumstances to net for Raleigh as much as the guarantees for the five days included in the schedule, the guarantees would have been paid. Had Raleigh gone to Newbern on Monday and thence to Wilmington for the balance of the week to have played the schedule out, then Wilmington would have returned to Raleigh to play the two postponed games, under the usual guarantees, Raleigh's assertion to the contrary notwithstanding. Her claim that the Wilmington team would not have done so, and that the team intended disbanding after playing the first game here, is based wholly upon imagination, and is without correctness in the whole cloth. If the statement that Wilmington had "quit cold" on its team means that it would not pay its players beyond the 17th inst., the date the League disbanded and salary obligations ceased, then the statement is correct, but in this Wilmington was attending strictly to its own business, and we submit that it is a matter in which Raleigh had no concern. The statement that Wilmington's team was demoralized goes without saying, and calls for no explanation after they felt that they were being chiseled out of that they had honestly earned, coupled with umpire-assault and bleachery-threatenings.

If the facts as above recited are not sufficient for public opinion to award the pennant to Wilmington by Raleigh's breach of contract, certain we are that it will not be awarded to Raleigh. Far be it from Wilmington to wish it on a "fluke," even though the "fluke" be at the hands of Raleigh, but she is unwilling to submit that Raleigh has any just claim to it.

Earlier reply would have been made in this matter but for the absence from Wilmington until to-day of Manager Cowan, of the Wilmington team, from whom it was necessary to obtain some of the above facts.

THE WILMINGTON BASEBALL ASSOCIATION.
Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 30th, 1901.

MR. AND MRS. SPRUNT BEREAVED.

Death of Their Young Daughter, Marion Murchison, Yesterday at Asheville.

Hundreds of friends in Wilmington and elsewhere yesterday, shortly after noon, heard with great sorrow of the very deep bereavement of Mr. and Mrs. James Sprunt in the death of their only daughter, Marion Murchison, aged 13 years, which occurred at the Battery Park Hotel, Asheville, after a two day's illness with scarlet fever, contracted since the family left Wilmington nearly a month ago for its Summer outing.

The death occurred at noon and telegrams immediately conveyed the sad news to friends and relatives in this city. No funeral arrangements had been made last night.

Dr. F. H. Russell, of this city, had only left day before yesterday to attend the sick child. Lawrence, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Sprunt, is also sick but not seriously. A telegram last night stated that the little fellow was doing very well.

CRUISE OF THE NAVAL RESERVES.

Expect to Leave at 4 P. M. To-day From Custom House Wharf.

Wilmington Division, Naval Reserves, Lieut. H. M. Chase commanding, expects to leave this afternoon at 4 o'clock on the cruiser *Hornet* for a two and a half days' outing at Southport, during which time the sailors will likely take part in the Labor Day exercises.

The division expects to leave thirty-five men strong. Capt. T. M. Morse will be aboard as navigating officer and Mr. W. A. Furlong as chief engineer. Sunday a short trip will be made to sea, returning at night in time for the celebration on the following day.

Yesterday afternoon the *Hornet* was steamed up at the Murchison wharf down the river and brought up to the Custom House wharf, where the Reserves will embark for the trip. The machinery worked well and the recent improvement to the appearance of the vessel was decidedly striking.

YOUNG HORSEMAN INJURED.

Little Son of Mr. W. B. McClellan Caught Under Falling Saddler.

Master Oscar McClellan, aged 13 years and a son of Mr. W. B. McClellan, one of the proprietors with Mr. F. T. Mills, of the Wilmington Live Stock Association, was severely hurt yesterday morning by the fall of a horse which he was riding at Second and Princess streets.

The little fellow was thrown to the pavement with much violence but he escaped with a few bruises on his face and a wrenched foot which was caught under the animal as he fell. Dr. J. C. Shepard gave the boy temporary attention and later he was sent to his home, where at last accounts he was doing very well.

Concert at Y. M. C. A.

A concert, which will call into requisition some of the very best local talent and much of it, is announced to be given at the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday night, September 5th. Among the features on the programme will be several solos by Miss Norma Foster, who is expected home from the New England Conservatory of Music, in time to participate in the exercises.

New Silk Mill for Fayetteville.

Fayetteville *Observer*: "We learn on excellent authority that the Ashley-Bailey Company, of Paterson, New Jersey, the great silk manufacturers, who are now operating a large mill in this city, employing between three and four hundred negroes, will shortly commence the erection of another and larger factory near the present mill. It is said that the material has already been contracted for."

BASEBALL TO-DAY.

Last Game of the Season in Which the Professionals Will Participate.

FOR BENEFIT OF THE TEAM.

Boys Got Home Yesterday From Newbern. Delighted With Their Trip—Team Has Been Disbanded and the Players Signed Elsewhere

Wilmington will see its last game of baseball this season in which its professional club will participate at Hilton Park this afternoon at 4 o'clock.

It is safe to predict that the grand stand and bleachers will be full to overflowing. The game is for the benefit of the players individually and with a promise of good, snappy ball, the "faithful" should be out with full ranks. The team which will contend against the Leaguers is the Wilmington High School Champions, reinforced by a professional battery—Sweeney and Gwaltney. The opposing battery will be Allen and Thackara.

Manager Cowan and the Champions got home yesterday afternoon from Newbern enthusiastic in their praise of the hospitable treatment they received in the "Athens of North Carolina." In fact, so much in love were five of the players with the city that they will return Sunday night to play a week's engagement with the Newbern team against Tarboro and Kinston. The first three games with Tarboro will be played in Newbern and then three with Kinston at Kinston.

The Wilmington team is no more, having been disbanded yesterday. The five players that will go to Newbern are Clayton, Warren, Hopkins, Frost and Devlin. Thackara and Dommel will leave also Sunday for their homes in Pennsylvania. Allen and McGinnis have not yet made their plans but they may go to Kinston.

The boys have conducted themselves very gentlemanly during their stay here and it will be with much regret that many of Wilmington's people will see them leave.

The game to-day will be as a farewell to the boys and it should be cordial. Canvassers will be on the "war path" to-day with benefit tickets to the game. These will be sold at as much an advance over twenty-five cents as the liberality of the purchaser will allow. A number of these tickets will be left at Fishblate's for sale.

The teams will line up as follows, and the game will be a good one:

Gwaltney	c	Thackara
Sweeney	p	Allen
Watson	1b	Dommel
Green	2b	Devlin
Chadwick	ss	Clayton
Sellars	3b	Warren
Heide	lf	Hopkins
Wescott	cf	McGinnis
McIntire	rf	Frost

Substitute—Moore.

Mr. J. R. Davis will, perhaps, officiate at the game as umpire, and the contest will be entirely free from kicks.

— Last game. Go.

— The game to day will be the last of the season.

— The game this afternoon will be called at 4 o'clock.

— The entire gate receipts this afternoon go to the Giants. Help them out.

— Give the boys a rousing attendance. Positively, their last appearance.

— The boys are well satisfied with the financial feature of the Newbern games.

— Dommel and Thackara leave for their home towns in Pennsylvania tomorrow.

— The Giants reached home yesterday and are long and loud in their praise of the hospitable Newbernians. So different from Raleigh.

— All the cranks and crankerinas, rooters and rooterinas should go to the game to be played for the benefit of the Wilmington team this afternoon.

— Manager Cowan's official duties will come to an end to-day. He has been beset by many obstacles; but he has performed his duties conscientiously and with satisfaction to all.

— It appears from the official score that the wonderful cherub, "Tacks" Allen, made a three-base hit in the game at Newbern Thursday. The horse editor demands an explanation.

— Hopkins, Devlin, Warren, Clayton and Frost have been engaged by the Newbern management to play with their team next week against Tarboro and Kinston. They leave here Sunday night.

— Now that the season has closed the directors find that between $350 and $400 is needed to settle in full to date with the players. Of this amount a large per centage is already subscribed and should be paid. To collect these amounts a committee will begin a canvass this morning, and those indebted are requested to pay promptly as all the money must be in hand to night. New subscriptions will also be asked, and the public is requested to be as liberal as possible.

Excursions Yesterday.

The largest excursion of the season reached Wilmington yesterday from Rockingham and intervening points on the Seaboard Air Line railroad. It was brought down by Hatch Bros., and the ten coaches composing the train were filled with 700 people. The train reached Wilmington shortly before 1 o'clock P. M., and returned last night at 9:30 o'clock. The Raleigh excursion which had been in the city for two days, left at 7:30 o'clock last evening.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The STAR is authorized to say that the steamer *Compton* will make two round trips to Southport on Labor Day. The schedule will be announced later.

— Ella S. Adams, of South Carolina, yesterday transferred by deed, recorded at the Court House, to William Gordon Adams, for $1.00 and other considerations, a parcel of land on Swann between Fifth and Sixth streets.

— The *Observer* says a number of Charlotte Elks will attend the street fair and carnival in Wilmington in October. Better send the whole shooting match down, and along with them those 1115 surplus girls the census people have charged up to Charlotte.

REUNION AT HOLLY HILL.

Gathering of Descendants of Duncan Murchison, Esq., Guests of Miss Williams.

[*Fayetteville Observer 29th.*]

There was a reunion of the descendants of Duncan Murchison, Esq., at Holly Hill, near Manchester, yesterday. The large company present were the guests of Miss Fannie Williams, of Wilmington, who is spending the Summer at Holly Hill, and Miss Lutie Murchison. Among those present were:

Capt. A. P. Williams, Mrs. Margaret McKay, of Summerville; Miss Fannie R. Williams, of Wilmington; Miss Mattie L. Williams, Rev. and Mrs. David Fairley, Misses Kate, Janie and Nannie Fairley, Misses Liza and May Williams, Misses Marguerite and Nannie Holladay; Miss Kate Horner, of Oxford; Master James Horner, Master Geo. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Williams, Miss Emmie Belle Williams, Master John D. Williams, Jr., Miss Lutie F. Murchison, Mr. James Sprunt Hall, Mr. Robert Lee Williams, Misses Jean, Annie and Marie Pemberton, Mr. William Fitzhugh, Miss Janie McDiarmid and Miss Roxie Hodges.

Pipkin's Next Excursion

Will be from Goldsboro to Norfolk, Washington and Buffalo September 4th, 1901. This will be a nine-day trip, and the fare from Goldsboro to Buffalo and return will be only $19.00. For full particulars, route, etc., write to R. E. PIPKIN, Manager, Goldsboro, N. C.

Church Notices.

Bladen Street Methodist Church: Rev. J. J. Porter will preach at 11 A. M., and at the evening service.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Southside Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. R. H. Herring, pastor. Services 11 o'clock A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M. Prayer meeting service every Wednesday night at 8 o'clock.

First Presbyterian Church. Rev. J. M. Wells, Ph. D., pastor. Divine services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8:15 P. M. The public cordially invited.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, D. D., pastor. Sabbath services at 11 A. M. and 8:00 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8:00 P. M. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

Religious services will be conducted at the Seaman's Bethel to-morrow, (Sabbath) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, by Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All are welcome.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Parsons, pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to all services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. J. N. Cole. Services Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.45 p. m. Sunday School, W. B. Cooper, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8.00 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

Fifth Street Methodist Church, situated on Fifth street between Nun and Church. Rev. John H. Hall, pastor. Services on Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday School Sunday afternoon at 5.00 o'clock. A cordial invitation extended to all.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOBACCO.
Schnapps Mahogany, Jack's Best, Sweet Cream, Rose Bud, &c.
SNUFF.
R. R. Mills, Bowers, Lorrillard, and Gail & Ax.
CIGARS.
Portuondo' Chicos, Royal Blue Cabanas
N. B.—We have a few jobs in Tobacco to be closed out.
HALL & PEARSALL,
(INCORPORATED.)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
aug 6 tf Nutt and Mulberry

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after July 13th, 1901, the schedule will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6 30 A. M.	7 45 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	12 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	3 45 P. M.
5 10 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 15 P. M.	10 00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
10 10 A. M.	12 30 A. M.
2 30 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7 15 P. M.	9 00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday on account of Hotel and Club House dances extra train will leave Wilmington 11 P. M., the Beach at 12 P. M. Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains, except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 train. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and Freight Prepaid. Freight must be received at our depot 15 minutes before leaving time of train. No exceptions will be made to these rules.

R. O. GEANT, Superintendent.
jy 1 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese.
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.
A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.
Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.
McNAIR & PEARSALL.
sep

A. D. BROWN.
CARPETS, RUGS AND MATTINGS.
We are now receiving our new stock of Carpets, Rugs and Mattings for the Fall season of 1901. In extent of assortment, beauty of styles and values, they will strongly interest any one wishing to purchase such goods. The assortment embraces Ingrains, Tapestry, Axminster, Body Brussels, Extra Supers, Three-Plys, Wilton's and Velvets.
REVERSABLE BRUSSELS ART SQUARES
In entirely new patterns.
Navajo Indian Art Squares in different sizes. Rugs at all prices and sizes to match Carpets. We have never shown a more attractive line of Mattings. You are respectfully invited to examine these goods whether you wish to buy or not.
A. D. BROWN,
No. 29 North Front Street.
aug 25 tf

LAST DANCES
OF THE SEASON,
Friday and Saturday Nights,
AT THE
Seashore Hotel.
No one will be admitted to the Ball Room without a Supper Check.
aug 25 3t

No Business Will Be Transacted
By the Banks of this City Monday, September 2nd, Labor Day.
THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK,
THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.
aug 31 1t

GERMANIA,
Portland Cement.
Hoffman, Rosindale Cement.
Bagging and Ties,
Molasses.
Domestic and Imported
Salt, Grain, Lime,
Hay, Nails.
The Worth Co.
my 14 tf

New Goods.
Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,
FIRST PAT. FLOUR,
2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES,
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.
Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.
S. P. McNAIR.
an 28 tf

Bagging and Ties.
Can Ship Promptly.
2,500 Rolls Bagging.
4,000 Bundles Ties.
1,000 2nd hand Machine Casks.
150,000 Lbs. Hoop Iron.
35 Barrels Glue.
1,000 Kegs Nails.
1,000 Bushels W. G. Meal.
1,000 Bushels Corn.
1,000 Bushels Oats.
Also sixty-three car loads of other groceries. Get our prices.
D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
120, 122 and 124 North Water Street,
jy 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FOR RENT,
Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.
an 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.

"Match It"
"CHEROOT"
The world wonder. "Match It" if you can.
"SHOW DOWN"
Tobacco
Cant't be beat. Sold everywhere. Take no other.
"CREMO,"
"CUBAN BLOSSOM"
Cigar
Is the finest 5c Cigar sold here or anywhere. Try them. If your dealer don't have them the next man has.
Vollers & Hashagen,
aug 18 tf



SEE THE SHOES
we are selling for $3.00, and your own good judgment will affirm every word we say in their praise.
Three dollars is a price that gives you a pretty wide range of choice in leathers, shapes, and styles, but only one quality—the best.
SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.
an 25 tf

F. F. Mills

W. B. McClellan.
NOTICE.
Just arrived car load Horses; several will weigh from 1,400 to 1,800 lbs., and lots of all classes of Stock on hand also. We carry the biggest stock of Buggies and Harness in the city, and at the lowest prices. Balance of this month will sell Buggies at cost to make room for car load due September 15th. For bargains call and see.
Wilmington Live Stock Co.
aug 20 tf

FOR RENT,
Or will lease for a term of years the Double Store on Water street, between Chesnut and Mulberry, occupied several years by the Willard Bag Manufactory.
D. O'CONNOR,
aug 14 tf Real Estate Agent.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

THE FIRST STEP.

It is pretty generally admitted that trusts, which by purchase of independent plants, or the freezing out process get a practical monopoly in any line of manufacture or production should be held under some kind of restraint. But they have not been and are not. They are now, ten years after the enactment of the Sherman so-called anti-Trust law, more numerous, more colossal, more monopolistic and more arrogant than ever. In addition to the Sherman anti-Trust law there are anti-Trust laws in thirty States, yet there are Trusts doing business in every one of them, and no one ever heard of a Trust being held in check either by the Sherman law or by any of these State laws. On the contrary they have increased, multiplied, grown fat and saucy under them.

When asked why the Sherman law had not been invoked and enforced against the trusts that come within its provisions, ex-Attorney General Briggs said they could not be reached by Federal statutes; that the only way to reach them was through State laws, although there was then anti-trust laws in thirty States and the trusts have not been reached by them. Attempts have been made in a few States, but they were failures, either because of the obstructions put in the way by the trust lawyers, who took advantage of technicalities to stay proceedings, or because the trust incorporators were non-residents of the State and therefore could not be reached under State laws, and as the trusts were doing business under State charters they could not be reached by Federal statute. A trust organized under a State law and doing business in that State would be within its jurisdiction and amenable to its laws, but most of the monopolistic trusts now in operation have been chartered under the laws of New Jersey or Delaware, where trust charters are turned out annually in job lots and cheap. Such a trust can do business in any State in the Union, but could be reached only by the laws of New Jersey or Delaware, neither of which are making any complaint about trusts or showing any disposition to crush them. On the contrary they are in the trust-making business and are coining money by it.

Since the Sherman law became operative there have been only four prosecutions instituted under it, and these all fell flat for the reason, perhaps, assigned by Mr. Briggs, whose State, New Jersey, is doing such a flourishing business turning out trust charters, that operating under State charters they could not be proceeded against under Federal statute.

There have always been influences at work to prevent efforts to restrain them under State laws. When the organizers live in other States than the one which tries to restrain them they claim the protection of inter-State commerce laws and protection by the U. S. courts when they ship their stuff into other States. The State laws and Federal statutes conflict and the trust organizers claim the protection of these statutes. This is about the only way these statutes have figured, namely to protect the trusts and thwart State laws.

As they can be reached and held in check by neither by State laws nor by Federal laws, how are they to be curbed and prevented from exercising, if they see fit, monopolistic and despotic power over the American people.

When the McKinley tariff was under discussion in Congress in 1890, which was not as protective as the Dingley tariff is, its Democratic opponents predicted that it would foster trusts and breed a large brood of them. This the Republicans, as might be expected, denied and some of them with Senator Sherman, declared that if that tariff resulted in the fostering of trusts, as predicted by its Democratic opponents, they would favor and vote for a law to place on the free list every article controlled by a trust. But although they saw the predictions of the Democratic Senators verified right along, trusts increasing, multiplying and becoming gigantic in proportions, no Republican ever moved to put a single article controlled by them on the free list, or even to reduce the duty on it. In all the ten years which have elapsed since the passage of the McKinley tariff and this declaration and promise of Senator Sherman, and other Republicans, not a single movement has been made in that direction.

Now, ten years afterwards, when the trusts dominate the productive industries of the country, when they consolidate, forming trusts within a mightier trust, such as the U. S. steel combine, which does or can absolutely control the iron and steel production in its various forms, and a Republican Congressman proposes to do what Senator Sherman and other representative Republicans declared they would do ten years ago, when the trusts as monopolies were not half the mighty factors in the industrial world they are now, they denounce him as a free trader who is fighting his party and the industries of his country under the delusion that he is doing the right thing to correct what he considers an evil. That is what Gen. Grosvenor calls him.

But Grosvenor, Hanna and other Republican statesmen, who are in with the trusts, have no idea of interfering with them in anyway or with the monopoly they have. They talk about curbing bad trusts, but they haven't discovered anything of that kind yet. Others talk about restraining them when they are restraining statutes in thirty States. The first step towards restraining is to deprive them of the tariff protection which they have had and have now, and open our markets to the manufacturers of the world. That would break the monopoly and bring the trusts down from their high horses and to their senses. With world competition there would be no monopoly, the trusts wouldn't have the soft snap they have now, and the gobbling and freezing out process would soon cease.

BEET AND CANE.

The talk of the probable movement for the annexation of Cuba, or of a reciprocity treaty which would admit Cuban sugar free of duty or on a lower duty, has brought the Sugar Trust men and the beet sugar men to the front. The Sugar Trust men favor the free admission of raw sugar, but insist upon retaining the duty on refined sugars, which would be right in their hand, as they are refiners, while the beet sugar men object to the removal of the duty from either crude or refined sugars, as that, they say, would destroy the beet sugar industry, which is just beginning to get on its feet, but will need protection for "at least ten years more." Of course both the Trust and the beet sugar men are looking out for themselves, as they have been doing all along.

It is somewhat remarkable, in this connection, that the main reliance for eventually supplying this country with home-made sugar is placed on the beet, when there are millions of acres in the South adapted to cane culture, on which not an acre of cane is grown. A superior quality of cane, much of it containing more saccharine matter than Louisiana cane, can be grown in Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina. This is not a mere matter of assertion, for it has been demonstrated by practical results.

Nearly all the cane grown in this country now is in Louisiana and Texas with a little on some of the reclaimed swamp lands of Florida, while experiments have proven that the cane grows splendidly in the sandy pine lands of Florida and Georgia and South Carolina, where enough sugar could be produced to supply the 2,000,000 tons annually consumed in this country, without a quart of beet juice. In a few counties in Georgia, where, by the way, cane growing is beginning to attract some attention, it has proved successful and some growers have realized as much as $125 an acre from land that was valued at from $3 to $5 an acre.

Talking about diversified farming here is something that Southern farmers might take hold of to some purpose.

BOOSTING SUBSIDIES.

The last report in reference to the ship subsidy scheme is that the old bill, for which Mark Hanna stood sponsor, is to be shelved and a new bill framed. The events of the past year, such as buying so many English steamers by the Pierpont syndicate, the organization of a big shipbuilding trust, &c., has made it necessary to do some more doctoring on that scheme.

But they have their eyes on the United States Treasury and are not going to abandon the grab without another determined effort. And the grab organs are doing all they can to help them, by making it appear that subsidies are necessary for the re-establishment of an American merchant marine, notwithstanding the operations of the Morgan syndicate and the projected ship-building trust, which it is asserted will inaugurate "the battle for the commercial supremacy of the globe.

The Philadelphia *Press* is a subsidy advocate. In a recent issue it had a letter from one of its correspondents, in which it was asserted that subsidies built the German merchant marine. Perhaps they did and perhaps they didn't. When the correspondent couldn't find subsidies direct he found subsidies "in disguise," such as preferential rates on goods shipped to German ports for export in German vessels. He construes this as a subsidy on the same principle, perhaps, that some European writers construe the Dingley protective tariff as a bounty on American exports.

But suppose it were true that Germany had built her merchant marine with subsidies, is that any reason why the Hanna or any other grab system should be thrust upon the American people, when it has been contended and shown that ships can be built as cheaply in this country as they can be anywhere in the world? Why take millions of dollars annually out of the United States treasury to put into the coffers of companies which have millions of capital to operate with, which control thousands of miles of railway to carry the products of the interior to the seaboard, and are building ships and getting ready to build more without any subsidies?

If they want ships without compelling the American people to buy them for the men who will sail them, why not let those who have capital to invest in that way buy ships where they choose and then sail them under their own flag and not under foreign flags as they must do now?

BOOK NOTICES.

Gunton's Magazine for September contains a number of valuable articles, one of them entitled "A Century of American Invention," which is very interesting and instructive. A good deal of space is also devoted to the great steel strike. Published by the Gunton Company, Union Square, New York.

The September number of *The Bookman* presents an excellent and varied list of contents which the student and literary reader will enjoy. As usual "Chronicle and Comment" is comprehensive and instructive. This number is nicely illustrated. Published by Dodd, Meade and Company, Fifth Avenue, New York.

Among other attractions in *Pearson's Magazine* for September is a poetical tribute to the Banjo by James Douglas Campbell, well known in this city, where he resided for many years before going North. The poem is in negro dialect, and is a very clever production. It shows talent that will be heard from. Address The Pearson Publishing Company, 43-45 East Nineteenth street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Gen. Forrest, it appears, was a warrior, as well as an officer. In the "Campaigns of the Confederate Army," just published, Mr. Hull says of him: "Gen. Forrest had twenty-seven horses shot under him and himself killed more men than any commander since the days of the Crusaders."—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— It was indiscreet in Captain Forsyth, of the Navy, to say, if he did say it, that the whole Sampson-Schley trouble arose through the putting of Sampson in command of Schley, who outranked him; but, something is to be allowed for the indignation a decent man naturally feels over the villainous attempt to rob Schley of the credit of winning a victory during the voluntary absence of Sampson.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

—— Cotton is showing decided strength in the eastern markets. There was a rise of 3-4c last week, the close being very strong. Cotton goods have recovered partially from the late depression, and this has helped the market for raw cotton. But the chief reason for the advance in the raw material is found in the prospect of a light crop. Best of judges estimate the crop of Texas at 1,000,000 bales less than last year. —*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— The central fact in Mr. Grosvenor's denunciation of the Babcock bill is that he and his party are resolutely opposed to any legislation which will protect the American consumer from the trusts. A bill which might prove beneficial to the interests of the people who buy trust products will, according to the Ohio statesman, "never be considered, probably, by the Ways and Means Committee." Mr. Babcock might as well begin to prepare now for the snubbing which the leaders of his party have in store for him. They have no intention of letting him pose as a tariff reformer in the Republican party. He must swallow the whole programme—trusts, protection and everything else—if he hopes to escape expulsion from the loyal fold. It now remains to be seen whether Mr. Babcock can be as easily squelched as Mr. Grosvenor thinks, or whether he is a man of grit and determination.—*Baltimore Sun, Dem.*

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure: "It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

OFFICE OF D. H. HARDY, Sec. of State, AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 21, 1900.

I have found Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA a splendid remedy and aid for my teething children. When my oldest boy a teething child, every succeeding day warned us that we would inevitably lose him. I happened upon TEETHINA, and began at once administering it to him, and his improvement was marked in 24 hours, and from that day on he recuperated. I have constantly kept it and used it since with my children, and have taken great pleasure in sounding its praises to all mothers of young children. I found it invaluable even after the teething period was passed

MRS. D. A. HARDY. †

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. MIDY

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Durham *Sun*: From one or two parties who were in the city to-day from Roxboro, it was learned that a negro by the name of Lewis Williams has been arrested in that county, charged with attempted rape upon a white woman, wife of a farmer living near McGehee's mill.

— Columbus *News*: J. B. Register, charged with detaining, delaying, opening and embezzling certain registered packages, was given a preliminary hearing before U. S Commissioner I. B. Tucker last Thursday evening. He was adjudged guilty and was required to give a bond in the sum of $600, which he did, for his appearance at the special term of the district court to be held in Wilmington the first week in October.

—Washington *Progress:* From last reports we learn that 329 horses had died in Hyde county up to the middle of last week and the disease had not abated. This is distressing. We still hold to our former views in believing that the cause is largely due to the mosquitoes. In the lower portion of this county, where the mosquitoes were bad, horses are dying and the disease is less where the mosquitoes were fewer. The disease is confined to the mosquito belt almost entirely.

— Raleigh *Post*: The negro, D. B Jones, who was thought to have been lynched in LaGrange some time ago for an assault upon a white lady near the town, turned up Tuesday in Snow Hill, charged with forcible trespass on the lands of a farmer and was sent to jail. Although rewards were offered for the lynchers and the affair occasioned much comment at the time, the negro was not hurt more than a severe whipping. The clerk of court of Greene county knew the LaGrange negro and says the negro now in jail in Snow Hill is the same negro.

— Rocky Mount *Motor*: Friday evening, at Nashville, Capt. J. W. Pettit and L. L Vivrett had a dispute over accounts. Pettit, who was a much larger man than Vivrett, started towards the latter with the evident intention of striking him, when Vivrett drew a pistol and fired, the ball striking Pettit about his lower ribs on one side. Pettit died that night. Vivrett was arrested and detained in jail until Saturday evening, when the coroner's inquest was held. This inquest so far palliated the original charge of wilful murder that Vivrett was released on $1,000 bond to insure his appearance at court. The bond was promptly given.

— Faison *Journal*: There is a beautiful vine growing near the line of Duplin and Sampson counties which has not been found any where else in the State, or if it has been we have not heard of it. The oldest inhabitants here, have watched this vine for many years, and now it is used by a good many for decorations in winter and summer. About 25 years ago the late John Lane discovered this delicate and rare evergreen, so Mr. J. D. Ireland informs us, and the vine is now known as the "Lane" vine. This, along with the noted "Venus Fly Traps," are two of Duplin's uncommon productions, that some day may be valuable to this or another generation.

— Franklinton correspondent Raleigh *News and Observer*: Thos. S. Rogers, who was under commitment to Oxford jail for assault on Miss Harris, near Wilton, was Tuesday night taken by masked and armed men from Constable Blackley and two guards who had him in charge, and spirited away, no one knows where. It had been reported that a party was coming from Oxford supposedly for the purpose of lynching Rogers, and Blackley was hiding in the low grounds near with him when his hiding place was discovered with the above result. It is supposed that the deed was done by Rogers' friends who spread the Oxford lynching story as a blind to get the officer with his prisoner away from Wilton. Constable Frank Blackley, who had Rogers in charge, was his avowed friend and one of the witnesses summoned for him on the preliminary trial. Though he was not put on the stand he made no secret of his sympathy for the defendant. Before the trial Blackley allowed Rogers, who was in his custody, the greatest liberty, even allowing him to ride about over the country, attend church and call on a young lady to whom he is said to be engaged. After the trial Blackley expressed great regret at its outcome.

TWINKLINGS

— Partially: Is it true that he is a self-made? Well, he rolls his own cigarettes, but he buys ready-made neckties."—*Town Topics.*

Prof: Diggs—"There go a newly married couple." Daggs—"How do you know?" Diggs—"I saw him give her a $5 bill to buy some chocolates with."

— Cobwigger—"A man loves a woman because he thinks she is an angel." Merritt—"While a woman loves a man because she knows he isn't."—*Town Topics.*

— Hicks—"You say you haven't a single superstition Would you start on a journey on Friday!" Wicks—"Never! Saturday is pay-day!"—*Somersville Journal.*

— The Rift in the Lute: "What's this now about Jack and Bessie breaking their engagement?" "Very sad case. They quarreled about which loved the other best."—*Boston Traveler.*

— A Poser for Nora: Mrs. Youngwife (at breakfast)—"There is no bread on the table, Nora." Nora—"Sure, there's none in the house, mum." Mrs. Youngwife (severely) "Then make some toast."—*Tit-Bits*

— Husband—"I see that they're advertising bargains in patent medicines at Kutt & Price's drug store." Wife—"Isn't that too aggravating? There isn't a thing the matter with any of us."—*Moonshine.*

— "He is an adept at golf, I presume." "Oh, yes, indeed." "By the way, what constitutes an adept, if I may ask?" "Well, an adept at golf is a man who can swear in correct Scotch and get as much relief as if he swore in American."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Opposites: Cumso—"Mr. and Mrs. Gazzam evidently believed that only opposite should marry. He is ugly enough to stop a clock you know." Cawker—"I know, but what about Mrs. Gazzam?" Cumso—"She is pretty enough to stop a car."—*Leslie's Weekly.*

— Serious Symptoms: "Why did you send for me, Mrs. Youngwife?" asked Dr. Redlight. "There is absolutely nothing wrong with the baby." "Oh, I am so glad, doctor." "But what made you think there was?" "Why doctor he hasn't cried a bit all the morning."—*Tit-Bits.*

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER, Springs 1 and 2.

A Valuable Adjunct to the Physician in the Treatment of Fevers, Malarial, Typho-Malarial, and Atypical Typhoid.

Dr. George Ben Johnston, *Professor of Surgery in the Virginia Medical College, Richmond, Va., says:* BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in my opinion has a large ranger of usefulness than any other mineral water. Among the numerous conditions to which I have applied it with good results may be mentioned Typhoid Fever. In this disease I have found it to serve an excellent purpose in the way of promoting free action of the Kidneys, thus materially aiding in the elimination of deleterious matter. It has also seemed to retard wasting, and has preserved a moist condition of the Tongue and Buccal Mucus Membrane. In addition, those using it largely have appeared to suffer less from the ordinary nervous symptoms incident to Profound Poisoning."

Dr. John Herbert Claiborne, *Ex-President Medical Society of Virginia, Petersburg, Va.,* referring to Spring No. 1:

"I often use the Buffalo Lithia Water in the Fevers of this section known as Malaria, Typho-Malarial, and Atypical Typhoid. It is grateful to the Patient. Sedative and Refrigerant, and an Active Eliminant of the Materies Morbi, through the Skin and Kidneys, as any one familiar with its character might reasonably expect. It has been long noted for its specific effect upon Malarial Trouble."

Dr. William H. Doughty, *Augusta, Ga., formerly Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics, Medical College of Georgia, says:*

"In Typhoid and Typho-Malarial Fevers it is my custom to substitute Buffalo Lithia Water for the ordinary drinking water, and with excellent results. The following considerations prompt this use of it:

"First.—The certainty of securing a pure water.

"Second.—It promotes the continued free action of the Kidneys, a great desideratum in Typhoidal diseases. For this purpose I think largely supersedes medicinal remedies proper.

"Third.—It allays Irritability of the Stomach and preserves the Integrity of the Digestive Organs, a matter of great moment in such diseases."

Dr. William T. Howard, *Professor Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Maryland.* Dr. Howard attests the common adaptation of BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Spring No. 1, in "a wide range of cases," with that of the far-famed White Sulphur Springs in Greenbrier County, West Virginia, and adds the following:

"Indeed, in a certain class of cases, it is much superior to the latter I allude to the abiding debility attendant upon a tardy convalescence from grave acute diseases; and more especially to the Cachexia and Sequels incident to Malarious Fevers in all their grades and varieties, to certain forms of Atonic Dyspepsia and all the affections Peculiar to Women that are remediable at all by mineral waters. In short, were I called upon to state from what mineral waters I have seen the greatest and most unmistakable amount of good accrue in the largest number of cases in a general way, I would unhesitatingly say the Buffalo Springs in Mecklenburg County, Va."

Dr. Thomas P. Matthews, *of Manchester, Va., Member of the Board of Visitors, Medical College of Virginia:*

"I have been using BUFFALO LITHIA WATER Spring No. 2, the past summer, in many cases of Typhoid Fever, with fine effect, relieving in great measure the Delirium sometimes so troublesome in these cases. It always allays or prevents the distressing Nausea, stimulating the kidneys and helping them throw off effete matter."

Dr. N. C. Lewis, *Surgeon, Southern Railroad Co., Lawrenceville, Va.:*

"I have used the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER extensively in Typhoid Fever, and have found it a most valuable adjunct to the treament of this disease.

"Added to its well-known elimination power through the skin and kidneys, carrying off through these emunctories effete and noxious matter from the system, it fills two other important indications, viz:

"1st. It has a very happy effect on the digestive system, relieving Nausea and promoting Digestion and Assimilation.

"2d. It is a decided Tonic Sedative to the Nervous System, relieving to a marked degree the distressing train of Nervous Symptoms so alarming and potent in this Fever.

"With these combined effects, I am satisfied that it has in my hands very much reduced the mortality in these diseases. It should be drunk freely to the exclusion of other waters."

WATER FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY. PAMPHLET SENT ON APPLICATION.

THOS. F. GOODE, Proprietor, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, Virginia.

Confirmed Liars.

"I don't know who first said figures couldn't lie," said the young woman, "but I would bet any old sum that the person was a man."

Then for the fourth time she tried to make her personal account book balance. —Indianapolis Press.

The Scriptures make frequent mention of the practice of irrigation in the arid Holy Lands, and from Persian, Greek and Roman writers we learn that in all the Mediterranean countries of old the people were more or less familiar with the art.

The bottom of the deep sea is a land of phosphorescent light, where almost every animal there is a light giver.

Four and one-half tons of cotton rags will make 2 4-5 tons of paper.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	7	@	7¼
Standard	7¾	@	8
Burlaps	6	@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℘ ℔	12½	@	14
Sides ℘ ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℘ ℔	9	@	9¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℘ ℔	8¾	@	9
Shoulders ℘ ℔	8⅝	@	8¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 45
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 45
New New York, each		@	1 50
New City, each		@	1 50
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℘ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℘ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	75	@	77½
Virginia Meal	75	@	77½
COTTON TIES—℘ bundle	1 30	@	1 40
CANDLES—℘ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE—℘ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	12¼
Rio	9	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℘ yard		@	5¼
Yarns. ℘ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	0
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℘ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℘ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2 ℘ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℘ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℘ barrel	4 50	@	4 75
Mullets, ℘ pork barrel	8 00	@	9 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℘ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℘ ℔	6	@	10
" Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR—℘ ℔—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	3 60	@	3 85
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
GLUE—℘ ℔	8	@	10
GRAIN—℘ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	79	@	80
Mixed Corn	77	@	78
Car-load, in bgs—White	53½	@	55
Oats, from store	67½	@	70
Oats, Rust Proof	50	@	52½
Cow Peas	85	@	90
HIDES—℘ ℔—			
Green salted	4	@	5
Dry flint	10	@	11
Dry salt	9	@	10
HAY ℘ 100 ℔s			
No 1 Timothy	1 00	@	1 05
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	95
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	90
N. C. Crop	75	@	80
HOOP IRON, ℘ ℔	3	@	3¼
CHEESE—℘ ℔—			
Northern Factory	13	@	15
Dairy Cream	12½	@	14
Half cream	10	@	12¼
LARD, ℘ ℔—			
Northern	8	@	9¾
North Carolina	9	@	10
LIME, ℘ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℘ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℘ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	32
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℘ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35	@	2 45
PORK, ℘ barrel—			
City Mess		@	17 00
Rump		@	17 00
Prime		@	16 50
ROPE, ℘ ℔	11	@	22
SALT, ℘ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	95	@	1 10
American	95	@	1 05
On 125 ℘ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℘ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾	@	6
Standard A	5¼	@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden	4¾	@	5
C Yellow	4	@	4½
SOAP, ℘ ℔—Northern	3¾	@	4
STAVES, ℘ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℘ M feet—Shipping	8 00	@	9 00
Common mill	4 00	@	5 00
Fair mill	5 00	@	6 50
Prime mill	6 50	@	7 50
Extra mill	8 00	@	8 50
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℘ M 6x24 heart	6 25	@	7 00
" Sap	5 50	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
" Sap	2 50	@	3 00
WHISKEY, ℘ gallon Northern	1 00	@	2 10

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

[Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.]

STAR OFFICE, August 30.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 33c per gallon for machine made casks; nothing doing in country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95c per barrel for strained and $1.00 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.35 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.00 per barrel for hard, $1.90 for dip and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar quiet at $1.40; crude turpentine dull at $1.20 @2.20.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	114
Rosin	165
Tar	302
Crude turpentine	88

Receipts same day last year—93 casks spirits turpentine, 336 bbls rosin, 28 bbls tar, 127 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5 13-16	cts ℘ ℔
Good ordinary	7 3-16	" "
Low middling	7 13-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good middling	8 9-16	" "

Same day last year, market firm at 9c for middling.

Receipts—11 bales; same day last year, 111.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c. Spanish, 75c.

CORN—Firm; 75 to 77c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 13 to 14c per pound; shoulders, 11 to 12c; sides, 11 to 12c.

EGGS—Firm at 16@16½c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 22 to 25c; springs, 10@20c.

TURKEYS—Nothing doing.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6½c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Nothing doing.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Aug 30.—Money on call was steady at 2@3 per cent.; the last loan 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼ for demand and 484 for sixty days. Posted rates were 485 and 487½. Commercial bills 483¼@483¾. Bar silver 58⅝. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds were firm. U. S. refunding 2's, reg'd, 107¾; U. S. refu'g 2's, coupon, 107¾; U. S. 3's, reg'd, —; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108⅜; do. coupon, 108⅜; U. S. 4's, new reg'd, 37; do. coupon, 137; U. S. 4's, old reg'd, 113; do. coupon, 113; U. S. 5's, reg'd, 107¼; do. coupon, 107¼; Southern Railway 5's 117¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 104⅜; Chesapeake & Ohio 47⅜; Manhattan L 120¼; N.Y. Central 155¼; Reading 45¼; do. 1st pref'd 77⅝; do. 2nd pref'd 56⅛; St. Paul 167⅛; do. pref'd, 189; Southern R'way 33¼; do. pref'd 88¼; Amalgama'd Copper 119⅜; American Tobacco 138¾; People's Gas 112⅞; Sugar 135; T. C. & Iron 66¾; U. S. Leather 13⅞; do. pref'd, 83¼; Western Union 93⅜; U. S. Steel 45¾; do preferred 94⅝; Mexican National 12½. Standard Oil 772@775.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 30.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 28¼; do. preferred, 52. Bonds—4's 84

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine quiet at 36@36½c.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32½c. Rosin firm: Quote: B, C, D, 90c; E, $1 00; F, $1 05; G, $1 10; H, $1 15; I, $1 30; K, $1 55; M, $2 00; N, $2 60; W G, $3 00; W W, $3 00.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 30.—Spirits turpentine firm at 33⅛c; receipts 1,285 casks; sales 954 casks; exports 8,629 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 4,171 barrels; sales 5,375 barrels; exports 7,984 barrels. A, B, C, 95c@$1 00; D, $1 00; E, $1 05@1 10; F, $1 10@1 15; G, $1 15 @1 20; H, $1 20@1 25; I $1 40@1 45; K, $1 65; M, $2 10; N, $2 75; W G, $3 15; W W, $3 50.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30. — Futures opened steady with prices unchanged to seven points higher on light outside buying, the bulk of which represented over night accumulations of a wire order character. This demand was gratified by local longs who were made bearish by the special *Journal of Commerce* monthly report on crop condition. The latter showing 70 2 as against 77.2 by the government last month and as against general expectations of 67 or 68. Immediately after the call prices weakened six to seven points under selling for both accounts and an unfavorable turn of the Liverpool market. Buying orders from the outside were few and far between, while room bulls were content to even-up and rest on their oars over the three days' adjournment close at hand. Trading was quiet all the forenoon, with the market rather heavy and narrow. The cables were about as expected at the time we opened, though at one time Liverpool was excited and up five to six points on a bad scare of shorts. Weather reports indicated clearing conditions over the central and portions of the eastern belt, and pointed to cloudy conditions in Texas with probable rains in the eastern part of that State. Yet, reports of rainfall, the past twenty-four hours, failed to show any break in the Texas drought. Soon after midday the local market steadied several points on a report that the recount of the Liverpool stock showed a decrease of 1,000 bales, as compared with the official figures cabled this morning—395,000 bales. Then came a set back under pit selling for profits, followed by a sharp rise on bulling from scalpers. Business was dull and reflected a smaller interest to be carried over the holidays than has been noticed in many weeks if not in many months. In the last half hour room scalping sales forced prices off to low figures for the day. The market was finally quiet and steady, with prices net four to seven points lower.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Cotton steady; middling uplands 8⅝c.

Cotton futures market closed steady: Aug. nom'l, September 7.89, October 7.95, November 7.95, December 8.00, January 8.01, February 8.01, March 8.04, April 8.05, May 8.06.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 8⅝; middling gulf 8⅞c; sales 6,964 bales.

Net receipts 219 bales; gross receipts 1,665 bales; stock 114,401 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 1,041 bales; exports to Great Britain 144 bales; exports to the Continent 1,292 bales; stock 237,762 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 51,816 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,226 bales; exports to the Continent 10,633 bales.

Total since September 1st.—Net receipts 7,534,907 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,043,215 bales; exports to France 728,859 bales; exports to the Continent 2,623,137 bales.

Aug. 30—Galveston, steady at 8 15-16, net receipts 6,407 bales; Norfolk, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 70 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¾c, net receipts 121 bales; Boston, dull at 8⅝c, net receipts 219 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 11 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅞c, net receipts 18 bales; Savannah, quiet at 8⅜, net receipts 189 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 8 11-16, net receipts 2,044 bales; Mobile, dull at 8⅝c, net receipts 18 bales; Memphis, quiet at 8⅜, net receipts 87 bales; Augusta, firm at 8⅝c, net receipts 20 bales; Charleston, firm at 8⅛c, net receipts 1,105 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Flour was firm and fairly active. Rye flour quiet. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red 77¼c. Options closed firm at ⅜@⅝c net higher. Sales—September closed 75¼c; October closed 75¼c; December closed 76¼c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 61½. Options closed very firm at ¾@1⅛c net advance: September closed 74¼c; October closed —c; December closed 61⅛c Oats—Spot market steadier; No. 2 38¾c. Options steady to firm, with wheat and corn. Lard firm; Western steam $9 25; refined firmer. Pork firm; family $16 25@17 00; short clear $16 25@18 00. Butter steady; creamery 16@20c; State dairy 14@19c Cheese barely steady; fancy large colored 9¼@9¾c; fancy large white 9½c. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 5⅝c. Potatoes quoted steady; Jerseys $2 00@3 00; Long Island $2 50@3 00; Jersey sweets, yellow, $3 00@3 50. Freights to Liverpool—Cotton by steam 10c. Cabbage quoted steady; Long Island flat Dutch per 100, $4 00@5 50. Eggs firm; State and Pennsylvania 18 @20c; Western candled 17@17½c. Tallow strong; city ($2 00 per package) 5@5⅛c. Peanuts steady; fancy hand-picked 4¼c; other domestic 2¾@4c. Sugar—Raw barely steady; fair refining 3 5-16c. Rice steady; domestic fair to extra 4¼@6c. Cotton seed oil quiet and steadily held on spot and futures; Prime crude, in barrels nominal; prime summer yellow 40@41c; off summer yellow 37½@38c; prime white 44; prime winter yellow 44c; prime meal $25 00.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Higher prices ruled on the board of trade to-day. December wheat closing ½c higher. December corn ⅛@½c higher and oats showed an advance of ⅛@½c. January provisions were up from 7½ to 17½c at the close.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Cash quotations: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring —c; No. 3 spring 66@68½c; No. 2 red 70¾@71¼. Corn—No. 2 54@54¼; do. yellow —c. Oats—No 2 —c; No. 2 white 36⅞@36¾c; No. 3 white 36½@37¾c. Rye—No. 2 54¼@55½c. Mess pork, per barrel, $14 40@14 45. Lard, per 100 ℔s, $8 95@8 97½. Short rib sides, loose, $8 25@8 45. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $7 25 @7 50. Short clear sides boxed, $8 85@8 95 Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 September 69, 69⅜, 68⅞, 69¼c; December 71¼@71⅜, 72⅛, 71¼, 71⅞c; May 75⅛, 75¼@75⅞, 75⅛, 75⅝c. Corn—No. 2 September 53¾@54, 54⅜, 53¼, 54⅛c; December 56⅛@56⅜, 57⅛, 56¼@56⅜, 56⅞@57c; May 58¾@58⅞, 59⅜@59½, 58⅜, 59½@59¼c. Oats—No. 2 September 33⅜, 33⅜, 33@33⅛, 33¼@33⅜c; December 35⅝, 35¼@35⅜, 35, 35¼c; May 37⅜, 37⅞, 37⅜, 37⅜. Pork, per bbl—September $14 35, 14 40, 14 30, 14 40; October $14 47½, 14 50, 14 45, 14 50; January $15 50, 15 55, 15 45, 15 55. Lard, per 100 ℔s—September $8 90, 8 97½, 8 87½, 8 97½; October $8 97½, 9 02½, 8 95, 9 02½; January $8 80, 8 87½, 8 80, 8 87½. Short ribs per 100 ℔s—September $8 35, 8 40, 8 32½, 8 40; October $8 42½, 8 50, 8 42½, 8 50; January $7 92½, 7 97½, 7 92½, 7 97½.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 30, 4:30 P. M.—Cotton: Spot, limited demand; prices firmer; American middling fair 5 21-32d; good middling 5 13-32d; middling 5 3-32d; low middling 4⅞d; good ordinary 4⅝d; ordinary 4⅜d. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 4,300 bales American. Receipts none.

Futures opened firm and closed barely steady; American middling (l. m. c.) August 4 58-64d@4 59-64d seller; August and September 4 55-64@4 56-64d seller; September 4 55-64@4 56-64d seller; October (g. o. c.) 4 39-64d buyer; October and November 4 33-64@4 34-64d seller; November and December 4 30-64d seller; December and January 4 29-64@4 30-64d seller; January and February 4 29-64d seller; February and March 4 28-64@4 29-64d buyer; March and April 4 28-64@4 29-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Robeson, Clear Run, W J Meredith.

Stmr E A Hawes, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, Georgetown, S C, H G Smallbones.

Schr C C Wehrum, 376 tons, Cavalier, New York, George Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr A J Johnson, Robeson, Clear Run, W J Meredith.

Stmr E A Hawes, Robeson, Fayetteville, James Madden.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 31, 1901.

SCHOONERS.

C C Wehrum, 376 tons, Cavalier, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 304 tons, Robinson, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Carrie A Bucknam, 226 tons, Moore, J T Riley & Co.

BARQUES.

Robert Scrafton, (Nor) 724 tons, Lansen, Heide & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Livland, (Ger) 1,492 tons, Warthmann, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 19 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—4 casks spirits turpentine, 43 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 53 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—26 barrels rosin, 36 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—15 casks spirits turpentine, 42 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—11 casks spirits turpentine, 1 cask spirits turpentine, 4 barrels rosin, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—14 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. J. Johnson—46 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin, 91 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—14 barrels tar.

Steamer E A. Hawes—12 casks spirits turpentine, 56 barrels rosin, 64 barrels tar, 17 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Leah—7 casks spirits turpentine, 24 barrels rosin.

Schooner Adele—5 barrels crude turpentine.

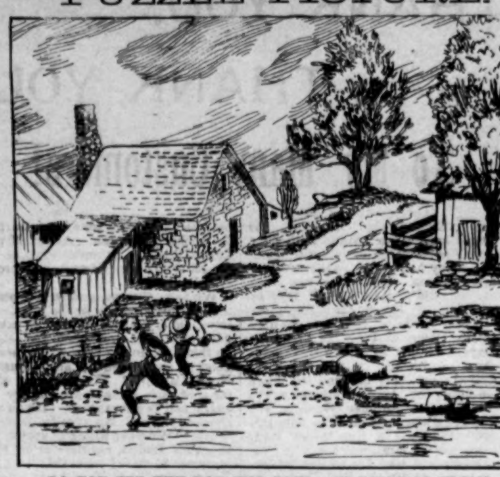
James' flat—23 casks spirits turpentine.

Total—11 bales cotton; 114 casks spirits turpentine: 165 barrels rosin; 302 barrels tar; 88 barrels crude turpentine.

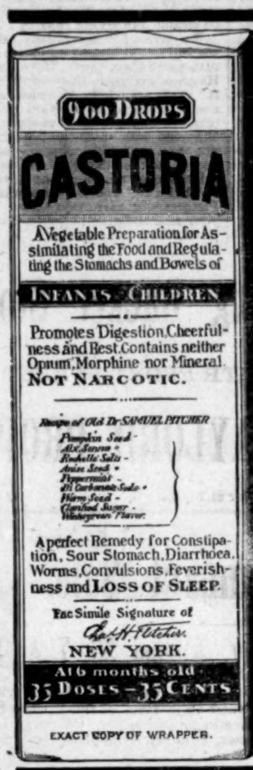
— The Modern Prize Fight—"Mr. Fitz-Jeffries," said the reporter, "a cable message from Paris says the champion heavyweight of France wants to fight you." "Well, if he does," replied the great pugilist, "he'll have to do it in English. I'll be hanged if I'll learn that language."—*Puck.*

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

PUZZLE PICTURE.



DO YOU SEE THE DOG THE BOYS ARE RUNNING FROM?



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J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

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But our other Departments are busy sending out extra Bargains. Whatever you need call on us for it, because our prices are uniform.

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Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS CO.

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ROBERTS' CURES CHILLS TASTELESS CURES GRIPPE CHILL TONIC NO CURE 25¢ NO PAY LOOK FOR THE RED CROSS ON EVERY BOTTLE

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Roberts' Chill Tonic

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R. R. BELLAMY, Wilmington, N. C.
D. I. WATSON, Southport, N. C.

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Next Session Begins September 18, 1901.

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jy 26 2m LEE DAVIS LODGE, A. M., Ph. D.

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J. H. BRAWLEY, Director. JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A., Principal.

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25c a pound,

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HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.

au 25 tf 126 South Front street.

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DAVIS & GUION,

je 6 tf 7 South Front St.

DISHONEST DEPOSITORS.

Humor and Pathos of the Savings Bank In Great Cities.

Writing of the savings banks and their depositors in The Century, Richard Boughton tells of the embarrassment sometimes caused to bank officials by dishonest patrons.

The great bulk of depositors, perhaps 65 per cent, are of the laboring classes, the weekly wage earners; then come the middle and well to do class, say 30 per cent, and lastly the very rich man and the criminal in about equal proportions. By criminal I do not mean to confine this class to bank burglars, check forgers and bank note counterfeiters—you will see all of these if you watch the line long enough—but I include all those men and women who avoid police notice when they can and are occasionally "wanted" at police headquarters, the rich keeper of the fashionable gambling house, the woman who is suspected of knowing the whereabouts of a vanished thief or forger, the man who never breaks into a bank himself, but takes a friendly and patronly interest in those who do, and so on up and down the scale of cosmopolitan vice. At one time or another they all have savings bank accounts. It seems incomprehensible, but people of all these classes are frequent, even permanent depositors. I do not say this from hearsay, but have seen examples of each of them lodging their money even in their own names.

What can you do with these people when they come to deposit? It is not criminal to save money, and you cannot arrest them. In some cases their accounts are closed by the banks, and they are told to take themselves off, a hint upon which they promptly and quietly act, possibly from fear of the police, accustomed as they are to obey when told to "move on."

Some of them, however, are not easily got rid of. A famous confidence woman had her account in a New York bank, and her quiet demeanor, amiable smile, innocent, almost girlish timidity, quite won the chief official in charge. He was accustomed to call her aside politely from the somewhat rough crowded line, give her a chair in the anteroom and send her passbook and money by one of the clerks to the receiving teller. Her identity was finally discovered through a police inquiry at the bank, and the next time she called the old gentleman offered her not a chair, but her passbook with her deposits in full. The "poor young thing" swore at him like a trooper. It was quite necessary to call in the moral influence of the porter, displaying his "special deputy" badge, before Miss Innocent made less noise and took herself and her deposits out of the bank, giving the old gentleman a parting shot at the doorway.

The president and managing officials of a leading bank once debated long and seriously whether they should inform the authorities that just after a famous burglary three men and two women had deposited $8,000 each in new bank bills that possibly were a portion of those that had recently been stolen in transit between the two banks. It was a question whether the suspicion would justify this action, which of course would become public, perhaps get into the newspapers and some illiterate depositors might hear the story with a new twist given to it; not that burglars had put money into the bank, but had been in and had taken some out. The result would be a run. It was finally decided to do nothing, at least for the time. Soon afterward the thieves—for such they were—relieved the bank's perplexity. Two of the men and the two women came in singly, but in a hurry, drew the full amount that was in their names and made off. The fifth of the party did not return until years afterward, when a man with cropped hair, an unconscious lockstep halt in his walk and other evidences of having been temporarily retired from society called and drew the deposit that had slumbered while he was "doing time up the river."

HIS VIVID DREAM.

The Part That It Played In Saving His Brother's Life.

"I never had but one experience in my life that verged on the abnormal," said the colonel after the whist game at the club the other night when the conversation had somehow gravitated to queer coincidences, strange premonitions and similar unaccountable happenings. "It took place several years ago," he continued, in response to a little pressing for the story, "when I was living in apartments in upper Canal street and had a business office on the second floor of a building in St. Charles. At that time I was very methodical. At 6 o'clock sharp I would shut up the office for the night, dine, spend awhile at the club and generally reached home at about 10:30. Then I would get into a dressing gown, turn up the lamp and proceed to read myself sleepy.

"On the night I have in mind I followed that programme to the letter; but, contrary to all my habits, I fell asleep in my chair and had a vivid dream or, rather, a sort of swift, flashing vision. I thought I was standing at the head of the flight of stairs leading up to my office in St. Charles street and that my door was ajar about a foot, showing a pitch dark interior. I seemed to have just arrived for some purpose or other, and I was conscious of a strong feeling of surprise that the door should be open, but before I could form any conjecture in regard to the matter I awoke.

"The picture was absolutely commonplace, but it was so extraordinarily distinct that for a moment or two I could hardly realize where I was. It seemed certain that I had just been standing in the office hallway, and the impression was so firm and clear I thought at first I must have been walking in my sleep. My watch showed that I had been dozing less than five minutes, however, and somnambulism was plainly out of the question.

"As you may well believe, the incident left me wide awake, and I tried in vain to recompose my nerves over a book, but in spite of all my efforts I found it impossible to get that gaping office door out of my mind. I had a feeling, which became stronger and stronger every moment, that I must have accidentally left it open when I went away the preceding evening, and, seeing that sleep was not to be thought of until I settled the matter one way or the other, I finally got up, dressed and started down town. By the time I reached the stairs I was so firmly convinced that the door would be open that I called a policeman to go up with me and was not in the least surprised to find things exactly as I had seen them in my dream.

"But the strangest part of the story is to come. Inside the office was my brother. It seemed that he had been passing the stairs an hour of so before, when he was suddenly seized with an attack of vertigo and went up to lie down. He is a very large, heavy man, and the seizure assumed a sort of apoplectic form which had already rendered him partly unconscious at the time I arrived. I sent for a carriage and had him taken to his house, where he was ill for four or five weeks. What would have been the consequence but for my opportune appearance I don't pretend to say, and I have absolutely no theory to advance in regard to the circumstances that led me down that night. The episode occurred exactly as I have related it, and I have never allowed myself to waste any time in speculating over the matter. I have simply relegated it to the category of things that can't be explained."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A Proud Father.

A member of the New York Yacht club was proudly boasting to an old friend he had not seen in 15 years of the merits of his children. "Henry, as you may possibly have heard, is at Harvard. As yet he has done nothing for the family. Archbold is at the Leland Stanford university. I wanted to bring up my sons as far apart as possible, under hopelessly different and varying circumstances. Of course Archbold has not as yet done anything for the family. Harriet is married to young ——, and, well, I really can't say that she has done anything for the family. The youngest child is Virginia, who is just becoming useful."

"Indeed? And what does Miss Virginia do?"

"She has just reached the age and stature when she can wear her mother's old clothes. Captain, will you accompany me to our grillroom?"—New York Press.

Good Old Catch Questions.

If a goose weighs ten pounds and a half its own weight, what is the weight of the goose? When you are asked this question the first time, you will probably instantly answer 15 and will be wrong. The correct answer is 20 pounds. It is astonishing what a very simple query will sometimes catch a wise man napping.

The following will nearly always succeed:

How many days would it take to cut up a piece of cloth 50 yards long, one yard being cut off every day?

A snail climbing up a pole 20 feet high ascends five feet every day and slips down four feet every night. How long will the snail take to reach the top of the post?

A wise man having a window one yard high and one yard wide, requiring more light, enlarged his window to twice its former size, yet the window was still only one yard high and one yard wide. How was this done?

This is a catch question in geometry, as the preceding were catch questions in arithmetic. The window was diamond shaped at first, and was afterward made square.

Kept His Promise.

Some years ago Mark Twain was elected a member of a prominent Grand Army post in Maryland, and he promised to be present at the annual meeting and make an address. It was an opportunity for the people of Baltimore to deluge him with hospitality, and a committee was formed to take charge of him for a big reception as soon as he was through with his speech at the banquet. This speech was one of the best he ever delivered, and it put the crowd in roars of laughter.

But he did not attend the reception. The explanation he gave almost brought tears to the eyes of those who received it. His daughter was critically ill in Hartford. He would not break his engagement with the Grand Army post, but the reason he did not attend the reception also was that within a few minutes after he had concluded his address he was taking the first train home.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, Pa., was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in the back and sides, and no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters, and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

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Schedule in Effect May 26th, 1901.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:20 P. M., Pembroke 5:45 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:15 P. M.

TRAIN 28 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 8:10 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:52 A. M., Pembroke 9:20 A. M., Lumberton 9:44 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.50 p m	7.23 a m
Ar Monroe	12 20 a m	9.05 a m
Ar Charlotte	....	10.01 a m
Ar Chester	1.42 a m	10 20 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.46 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Athens	6 28 a m	2 40 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.00 a m	3.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.50 p m	7 30 a m
Ar Columbia	1 05 a m	10.35 a m
Ar Savannah	4 52 a m	1.47 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.15 a m	6 10 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	6.15 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	8 00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Portsmouth / Ar Norfolk	7.00 a m	5.50 p m
Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	8.00 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 24 a m	10.37 a m
Ar Norlina	3.18 a m	12.22 p m
Ar Petersburg	5 48 a m	2.45 p m
Ar Richmond	6.32 a m	3 31 p m
Ar Washington	10 10 a m	7 03 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.25 p m	6.30 a m

Train 38 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 31, leaving New York at 12.55 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 6.55 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 9 30 p. m.; Norfolk 9 30 p. m.; Raleigh 4.10 a. m.; arriving at Hamlet at 7.00 a. m. From train 38, leaving Atlanta 8 00 p. m.; Athens 11 23 p. m.; Chester 4.10 a. m.; Charlotte 5.30 a. m.; Monroe 6.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 8 55 p. m.; Savannah 11.45 p. m.; Columbia 3.35 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.40 a. m.

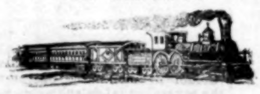
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R. E. L. BUNCH, General Passenger Agent.
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Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad.

Time Table No. 16.



To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. 3 Passeng'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passeng'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 22	Kinston	10 12	....
5 40	5 50	Newbern	8 37	9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City	7 22	7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

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The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



From New York for Wilmington.
SAGINAW .... Saturday, Aug. 24
ONEIDA .... Saturday, Aug. 31

From Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA .... Saturday, Aug. 24
SAGINAW .... Saturday, Aug. 31

From Wilmington for Georgetown.
ONEIDA .... Tuesday, Aug. 24
SAGINAW .... Tuesday July 27

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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Schedule in Effect Aug. 4, 1901. Corrected.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.05 A. M., Warsaw 11.21 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.28 P. M., Richmond 7.22 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.23 P. M., Weldon 1.30 A. M., †Norfolk 1.10 P. M., Petersburg 2.42 A. M., Richmond 3.20 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M., New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 6.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.58 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9 12 P. M., Columbia 10.35 P. M., Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 2.45 A. M., Jacksonville 8.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10 50 A. M., Tampa 10 00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.15 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.20 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.45 P. M., Goldsboro 3.25 P. M., Warsaw 4.25 P. M., Magnolia 4.40 P. M.

DAILY 9.25 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 8.55 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.12 P. M., Richmond 6.57 P. M., Petersburg 7 48 P. M., ‡Norfolk 3.30 P. M., Weldon 9.10 P. M., †Tarboro 4.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.15 A. M., Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.39 A. M., Magnolia 7.58 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 2.25 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.20 P. M., Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.55 A. M., Marion 10.35 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.12 A. M.

EAST BOUND

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.05 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.20 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.30 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.02 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.45 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.16 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 8.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.10 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.15 P. M., Halifax 3.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 4.10 P. M., Greenville 5.47 P. M., Kinston 6.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.30 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.05 A. m., Weldon 11.20 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 2 45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 8.55 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 11 10 A. M. and 5.22 P. M.; arrives Washington 12 30 A. M. and 6 15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.50 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.00 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.20 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.10 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.31 A. M., Dillon 10.42 A. M., Rowland 10.58 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Pee Dee 7.08 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Conway 1.30 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.40 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.20 P. M., leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Elrod 8.10 A. M., returning leave Elrod 8.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 5.08 P. M., Manning 5.43 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.28 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.37 A. M., Manning 9.17 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.50 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., *7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., *8.20 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M., *4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; *5.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 12.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.22 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.15 A. M. Bennettsville 7.15 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.25 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 10.40 P. M., arrive Selma 2.48 P. M., 11.18 P. M., Smithfield 3.02 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12 32 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.58 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 10.22 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M., Selma 1.50 P. M., 11.35 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 12.13 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.02 A. M., Creston 4.51 A. M., arrive Denmark 5.48 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.20 P. M., Creston 5.15 P. M. Sumter 6.00 P. M. Daily.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

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J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
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THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, languor, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

Dun's Review of Trade—Orders for Fall Goods Exceed Those of Any Previous Year—Demand for Better Grades

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly *Review of Trade* to-morrow will say:

Even in cotton goods, which have been the slowest to respond to the vigorous tone of domestic trade, the past week has brought distinct improvement Pressure at Fall River being removed, the print cloth market became strong, while in the bleached goods division the gains were still more pronounced. In some cases the only drawback is the lack of available supplies for immediate delivery. Such evidences of better things in the market for goods naturally gave a firmer tone to the raw material, which was further supported by the unsatisfactory weather in Texas. Against losses by drought in the largest State, there is compensation in the greatly increased acreage throughout the entire cotton belt, but an advance of $3 a bale since the advance began does not appear unreasonable. The crop year ends with a visible supply close to a million bales, by no means the severe scarcity estimated earlier in the season; but a still more depressing fact is the decrease in takings by the Northern spinners of about 200,000 bales as compared with the average of the three preceding years.

August opened with the commercial sky overcast by storm clouds that threatened serious injury to the steel industry, while drought in the Southwest aroused pessimistic predictions that business was on the verge of a severe setback. Thousands of idle strikers, together with a profitless season in agricultural regions, meant inactivity in manufacturing, trade and transportation, according to the prophets of evil. Instead of these calamitous conditions, however, the month ends with a horizon that is almost clear and each day resumption of work at an idle mill adds to the productive capacity, while cancelled orders for merchandise from dealers in the drought section are rapidly reinstated. After many years of steadily increasing prosperity the farming population can face moderate losses with equanimity.

Jobbers and manufacturers report that orders for Fall goods have exceeded any previous year, with noticeable demand for the better grades.

Failures for the week numbered 202 in the United States, against 175 last year and 21 in Canada, against 19 last year.

FOR CUP DEFENDER.

Final Series of Races Between Columbia and Constitution Will Begin To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 30.—The final series or races between the Constitution and the Columbia will begin over the Newport course to-morrow. Of all the contests that have taken place between the American boats this season these are the most important for on their result depends the selection of the defender to sail against the Shamrock II. in the great races for the America's cup off Sandy Hook. No challenge committee of the New York Club has ever had so much difficulty in selecting the American boat. Out of sixteen races already finished each has now eight, and so close are the two boats in the matter of speed that many good yachtmen say that whatever the outcome of the trials it will still be a hard task to choose between them.

THE PUBLIC DOMAIN.

Over Fifteen Million Acres Were Disposed of During the Year.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Hon. Binger Herman, commissioner of the general land office, has completed his annual report, which shows that during the year 15,662,796 acres of the public domain were disposed of and that the receipts of the office were $4,972,160. There still remains 914,096,974 acres of the public domain.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Friday, August 30th, 1901.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending August 30th, 1901:

	1901.	1900.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	51,816	24,273
Total receipts to this date	7,534,907	6,537,363
Exports for week..	17,859	13,196
Total exports to date	6,395,211	5,769,372
Stock in all U. S. ports, ...	234,760	85,362
Stock at all interior towns	124,930	36,319
Stock in Liverpool,	306,000	272,000
American afloat for Great Britain	18,000	21,000

TOTAL NET RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1900: Galveston, 2,167,450 bales; New Orleans, 2,453,547; Mobile, 131,237; Savannah, 1,078,007; Charleston, 235,355; Wilmington, 258,455; Norfolk, 433,059; Baltimore, 72,744; New York, 202,385; Boston, 197,545; Newport News, 21,077; Philadelphia, 26,149; Brunswick, 101,231; Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, 20,654; Pensacola, 134,015. Total, 7,534,907 bales.

Editor's Awful Plight.

F. M. Higgins, editor of the Seneca (Ill.) *News*, was afflicted for years with piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes that two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile Cure on earth and the Best Salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SCHLEY'S LAWYERS ARE DISSATISFIED.

Admiral Howison Writes a Letter to Assistant Secretary Hackett of Navy Department

AS TO THE RECORD INCIDENT.

Lawyers Hold That It is Not a Comprehensive Denial of the Statements Attributed to Howison and is Unsatisfactory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett to-day made public personal correspondence between Rear Admiral Howison and himself in relation to the fitness of the admiral to serve upon the court of inquiry, Admiral Howison having consented that his personal letter shall be given to the public.

A copy of Rear Admiral Howison's letter has been sent to Rear Admiral Schley. The correspondence is as follows:

Ashburton Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., August 24, 1991.—Dear Sir: I have just returned to my home after a short visit to Saratoga and Lake George.

Owing to my detail as a member of the court of inquiry, ordered to meet on September 12th next, I find that many newspapers are giving me credit for having served my country in the United States navy for nearly half a century, with honor. I see, also, that I am thought to be objectionable as a member of this court of inquiry, it being stated that I publicly expressed opinions on the conduct of the battle of Santiago, while serving as commandant at the Boston navy yard, shortly after the result of that engagement was known.

I believe the service knows, as I do that I do not attempt to make public speeches, write for magazines or papers or make public utterances on navy or other subjects.

It has been impossible for me to avoid the visits and questions of representatives of newspapers while serving at important stations and at times when the navy has been so busily employed.

At Mare Island, during my long service there, particularly during the great railroad strike, the papers contained many statements said to have been obtained in my office; most, if not all of these reports were harmless, readable articles on the operations of the several naval detachments serving for the preservation of law and duty.

During two years' service at the Boston station, there was seldom a day passed without receiving visits from the representatives of the several Boston papers and during the Spanish-American war, the navyyard there was seldom without newspaper reporters. I found them to be polite and gentlemanly at all times, and whatever information or news I could reasonably impart I gave them. I have often interpreted to a number of them the laws and regulations for the navy, by attempting to answer their numerous questions relating to the duties and responsibilities of the several grades of officers throughout a fleet of vessels, from the commander-in-chief to the lowest rate among the crew.

When the news of our navy's success at Manila, and again at Santiago, reached Boston the people there were not behind the rest of the United States in giving honor and praise to the navy and to the commander-in-chief of the fleets.

The enthusiasm of the population in praise and honor for the officers and men engaged at Santiago lasted for some time, until later when the troubles commenced as to where the credit and honors should go for the success of this engagement.

It is no news to the navy to say that where they all do their duties their first honors for success go to the officer in chief command. Censure for failure also belongs to him.

This newspaper cutting, in question, contains a statement in which it is said that I made a comparison between Schley and Sampson, unfavorable to Schley.

The word "respected," as used by the reporter, is seldom or ever employed by navy men in comparing the qualities possessed by officers, and I am sure I could never have said this as he reports, nor said that Schley had the reputation of being nervous and hotheaded in the Naval Academy.

One may say an officer stands higher in his class, if true; another may stand higher in scientific attainments, while another be distinguished for eminent diplomatic and social qualities, while all under discussion are of good standing and proficient in their necessary professional calling.

I have no recollection of the gentleman representing the Boston *Record*, and I do not approve of his public statement as mine, I cannot say that I have not discussed with acquaintances matter published in the newspapers relating to our navy's success, as well as the unfortunate dispute so widely commented upon.

There are few or no persons in the navy or in our country who have not daily discussed these newspaper articles.

From the papers it appears that Admiral Schley has strong doubts as to my fitness to fairly judge this case with Admirals Dewey and Benham. As it is a case of grave importance to those concerned and the country, I am desirous of giving my little help to clear away the troubles.

The duties of members of courts martial and courts of inquiry are not sought or desired by officers. While I feel highly honored by the department's selection of myself for this duty, it is anything but a pleasant task to sit in judgment on brother officers. However, the honor of selection, nor the unpleasantness of court duties do not enter into the reasons for my now writing to say to you, personally, three things, viz:

First. To reassure you that I am not responsible for and did not give out such an interview as is alleged in the dispatches from Boston and as stated in the newspapers to have been mentioned by Admiral Schley in a recent letter to the department.

Second. If, however, the department feels that the cause of the navy and of justice will be better served by relieving me from duty on the court, I am entirely ready to withdraw voluntarily, or to have the department relieve me upon its own initiative.

Third. If, on the other hand, the department, knowing all the circumstances, desires that I should perform the duty I am ready to perform it and can, upon my conscience and oath, do my duty a as member of the court "without partiality" as the law requires.

Yours, sincerely and respectfully,
(Signed) H. L. HOWISON,
Rear Admiral U. S. Navy.

Hackett's Reply.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 26, 1901.—Dear Admiral—Your personal letter of the 24th deserves an immediate reply. You say substantially that there is no foundation for the statements attributed to you as having been set forth in an interview afterward published in the Boston *Record*, and lately made the subject of a communication from Rear Admiral Schley to the Department. You evidently have read the correspondence between the admiral and the Department, as published last week in the newspapers

The Department, let me as ure you, has no purpose of relieving you of this duty. It has implicit confidence in your sense of justice and fairmindedness. Should the counsel for Rear Admiral Schley proceed to offer to the court objection to you, it will be for the court itself to decide the question of your competency.

Were your letter official, instead of merely personal, I should refer it to the judge advocate of the court, to be laid before the court. I would like to know if you have any objection to my giving the public your frank and manly letter, in the event that it shall seem desirable so to do?

What you have said only confirms me in the belief that the department has been fortunate in selecting you as the third member of the court.

Kindly accept the assurance of my personal esteem, and belive me, yours truly, FRANK W. HACKETT.
Rear Admiral H. L. HOWISON, U. S. Navy, Yonkers, N. Y.

Not Satisfactory.

The correspondence was sent to Admiral Schley who discussed it with his counsel. Later in the day the following announcement was made:

"Admiral Schley's counsel is entirely dissatisfied with the position of Admiral Howison as disclosed in his letter to acting Secretary Hackett, made public to-day."

The lawyers hold that it is not a comprehensive denial of the statements attributed to Admiral Howison; nor they say, does it disclose sufficiently the Admiral's freedom from bias. It is probable they will set forth these objections in a letter to the acting Secretary of the Navy.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

Boers Invading a Part of Cape Colony Previously Undisturbed—Receiving Support From All Sides.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Some interesting side lights are thrown on the South African war by advices published today. A dispatch from Caps Town to the *Daily Mail* indicates that Scheeper's commando has now moved to the southwest and invaded a part of Cape Colony previously undisturbed by the Boers, while more severe restrictions have been imposed with the object of preventing communication between Cape Town and the newly disturbed areas.

The Cologne *Gazette's* correspondent in Cape Town declares that the entire Cape Colony is a "seething mass of disorder and alarm." He asserts also that the Boers are receiving support from all sides.

Edgar Wallace, writing to the *Daily Mail*, expresses a decided opinion that Lord Kitchener's banishment proclamation will not result in the surrender of a single independent commandant, and that much severer penalties are needed, the only useful policy being vigorous military measures.

Both the *Morning Post* and *Standard* give information as to the camps and confirm the reports of very heavy mortality there, especially among the children in July.

This is said to be "largely due to the ignorance and insanitary habits of the Boers," but conditions are rapidly changing. At the beginning of August there were 100,000 persons in the concentration camps.

A correspondent of the *Morning Post* asserts that the Boer refugees get eighteen pounds in rations per head as against twelve pounds per head given to British loyalists, and he recommends as politically and economically advisable that the Boers be removed to the coast.

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY

Judge Advocate Lemly in Conference With Commander Wainwright.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Commander Richard Wainwright, superintendent of the naval academy, came over to Washington from Annapolis to-day and spent some time in conference with Captain Lemly, judge advocate of the Schley court, in reference to the testimony to be furnished by the commander, who is one of the witnesses on the government list, Captain Lemly has been engaged in this kind of work for the past week, laying the base for the presentation of this case.

Nothing has yet been heard by Acting Secretary Hackett, from Captain Forsyth, in answar to the department's interrogatory touching his reputed interview in relation to the publication this morning ascribing certain expressions bearing on the Schley case to Rear Admiral Watson, but when the matter was referred to informally, Mr. Hackett intimated that it was not one of sufficient importance to warrant letter writing by the department.

QUIET AT COLON.

Commander of the Machias Says There is No Interruption of Transit.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—A cable gram was received at the Navy Department to-day from Commander Sargent of the Machias, at Colon, reporting that matters there are very quiet. His cablegram, which is dated Colon, August 29th, says:

"I have visited Panama and Colon. The most authoritative results of investigation give me the following information: There is no appearance of an organized insurgent force in the vicinity of the railway. Free and uninterrupted transit obtains with every prospect of continuance. Rumor is unfounded that United States property is in need of adjustment. All quiet here. More reassuring than when we started."

GREATEST ON RECORD.

A Wager On the International Yacht Race Involving Half a Million.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—What is said to be the greatest wager in the history of the sporting world was arranged today upon the result of the international yacht races. Twenty English and American capitalists are interested in a venture which involves nearly half a million dollars.

W. F. Mustin, president of the Pittsburg Stock Exchange, representing ten wealthy residents of that city, gave assurance to Walter J. Kingsley that the $150,000 which he brought on the Deutschland yesterday from an English syndicate of prominent men to be placed on the Shamrock, would be covered at odds of five to three.

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla Extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used

CRISIS IN STRIKE IS APPROACHING.

Bitter Attack On President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association.

DEMANDS HIS IMPEACHMENT.

Efforts at Arbitration Are Still Being Made. Parade of Strikers at McKeesport a Failure—All Picketing of Mills Has Been Abandoned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 30.—While there is no actual change in the steel strike situation, much transpired today calculated to produce results in the near future. The conference between the Bay View committee and the Amalgamated officials; the continued efforts of President Burns, of the Window Glass Workers' Association, to bring about arbitration or conciliation; the scathing editorial in the *Labor World*, calling for the impeachment of President Shaffer. All indicate that the crisis is approaching and that an important change in affairs is not far distant. What the outcome will be, no man can tell.

The details of the conference of the Bay View committee and the Amalgamated officials have not as yet been divulged by either party, but the fact that the committee is here at all would indicate that the Bay View strikers are uneasy. The general belief is that the main object of the committee's visit was to arrange some compromise by which the Bay View plant may resume, but this is denied.

Efforts at Arbitration.

Notwithstanding the report from New York that no conference has been held or arranged for between C. M. Schwab and Simon Burns looking to arbitration, the latter has not relaxed his efforts in this direction and seems determined to bring about some sort of a compromise.

"I am interested in this matter," said President Burns to-night, "as the big strike is affecting all lines of business including the window glass trade. My purpose is to get the two sides together and start the mills. If President Schwab is still opposed to my plan of arbitration I will request him to suggest whatever modifications he desires. Anything will be acceptable if the United States Steel Corporation can be induced to arbitrate and get the mills started. It is foolishness to say there is nothing to arbitrate."

Attack on President Shaffer.

The editorial in the current issue of the *Labor World*, the organ of the International Tin Workers' Protective Association and the mouthpiece of the Pittsburg district of the Mine Workers' Union and the Pattern Makers' Association, is a long and bitter attack on President Shaffer and demands his impeachment for calling the present strike. The demand for the impeachment is made because it is charged Shaffer compelled the steel workers to violate contracts; because he expelled the Chicago men and revoked their charter without a constitutional hearing, and because the whole strike is unconstitutional and has brought ruin and wreck to men who have made the Amalgamated Association. The editorial gives twenty-four reasons why President Shaffer should be impeached.

When shown the editorial to-night President Shaffer said: "Mr. Powell, of the Tin Workers' Association, was at headquarters to day, and I have understood that the paper mentioned does not represent his association. The article is beneath my notice and I shall not advertise the paper by commenting on it."

Parade of Strikers

The march of the McKeesport strikers, to Duquesne was a disappointment, partly because of a heavy rain during the parade and the meeting in an open lot and partly because of a lack of enthusiasm. It was expected that at least 5,000 of the 12,000 strikers would participate in the march, but by actual count there were 553 in line.

The men marched without any cheering or noisy demonstration, and no trouble of any kind developed.

The injunction granted the American Sheet and Steel Company at Canal Dover, Ohio, against the strikers has had the effect of doing away with all picketing about the mill. The withdrawal of the pickets was on the advice of the local counsel.

The First Break.

The first break in the strike at McKeesport was made this evening when about forty men went to work in the seamless tube department of the National Tube Works. The men returned on the same basis upon which they worked before the sympathetic strike was inaugurated. The men did not organize, although they met with the Federation of Labor men a number of times. It is thought many more will report to-morrow.

ONE OF SCHLEY'S WITNESSES.

The Man Who Was the Helm of the Battleship Texas at Santiago.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Gustaff E. Claeson, who was at the helm of the battleship Texas on the day of the battle of Santiago, and for whom the judge advocate of the navy has been searching, lives in Brooklyn. Claeson is a Swede by birth and 35 years of age. In an interview to-night he said he expected to be called as a witness before the court of inquiry.

Referring to the movements of the vessels on July 3rd, he said; 'Commodore Schley hoisted the signal, 'The enemy is escaping,' and all the ships directed their course toward the enemy. The Texas, Iowa, and Gloucester were the first to get down to business."

He also said that he had been anxious for three years to tell all he knew about that battle and the work of the Brooklyn and that he would be glad to have that opportunity.

LETTER CARRIERS' ASSOCIATION.

Delegates Arriving in Chattanooga for the Convention Next Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., August 30.—Delegates and officers of the National Letter Carriers' Association continued to arrive to-day. The board of trustees of the mutual benefit association have been in session all day auditing the year's business. This is a fraternal beneficial organization composed of letter carriers.

NEW YORK, August 30.—The steamship Tallahassee sailed to-day, having on board 110 New York mail carriers, who are bound for the National Letter Carriers' Convention to be held in Chattanooga, Tenn., September 4th and 5th. The carriers will be landed at Savannah, Ga., where they will take a special train for Chattanooga.

ANGLO-AMERICAN STEEL COMBINATION.

Great Shipbuilding Plant to be Located in the Hackensack Meadows—Large Mortgage Filed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The *Mail and Express* to-day says:

"The filing of a mortgage for $7,500,000 by the Bethlehem Steel Company, with the register of Hudson county, New Jersey, stating that securities deposited thereunder including 5,555 acres of land on the Hackensack meadows, brought to light a very important feature of the big Anglo-American steel deal which is now in progress of formation.

"It furnishes for the first time a correct clew to the capitalists who are to develop the meadows, on an enormous scale, by the establishment of a ship building plant, immense docks and possibly a belt line railroad, which will conveniently connect with all the trunk lines now entering Jersey City and Hoboken.

"In searching for further particulars about the project for utilizing the meadows some new points in regard to the Bethlehem-Vickers-Maxim deal were obtained. In spite of denials it was officially stated to day that the combination will go through and the details of the big new company have already been agreed on.

"It can also be authoritatively announced that it is the intention of this combination to build another large steel plant in this country, in addition to the Bethlehem plant, to be used chiefly for the manufacture of armor plates for war ships, which will be the specialty of the new company.

"Where the new plant will be located it is impossible to state, but it will probably be somewhere within easy reach of the mining regions. In addition to this armor plant, possibly in Pennsylvania, it is understood that a great shipbuilding plant will be located in the Hackensack meadows, which are regarded as a very convenient location for such an enterprise.

"As to why the Bethlehem Steel Company should have bought so much land in this vicinity, it was explained to-day by one who is familiar with the steel deal that J. Pierpont Morgan is the prime factor in the scheme, and it was convenient to place the ownership of the land in such hands. The railroads in which Mr. Morgan is interested, including the Reading, Jersey Central and Erie, will at no distant date want a large amount of terminal property, not too far away from Jersey City and the Hackensack land will meet their requirements perfectly."

DELAWARE RIVER DISASTER.

Reasonably Certain That Twenty-eight Persons Perished as a Result of the Explosion On the Steamer.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—It is now reasonably certain that at least twenty-eight persons perished as a result of the explosion of one of the boilers of the steamer City of Trenton on the Delaware river, above this city on Wednesday afternoon. This conclusion is reached by the police authorities through the fact that seventeen persons who are reported by their relatives or friends to have been on the steamer have not yet been found. These missing persons with eleven bodies already found makes a total of twenty-eight. Several persons are still in a serious condition as a result of the disaster of whom four are in a critical condition and may die.

RIOTOUS NEGROES.

Fired a Fusillade of Shots Into a Town in Mississippi—Eleven Captured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., Aug. 30.—Eleven negroes were jailed here to-night. The negroes were of a party of about one hundred who had been grading on the Illinois Central railroad near Terry and were moving their outfit to Arkansas. As they boarded their car they fired a fusilade of shots at the town and everybody in sight. Engineer Hunter, whose freight train was on the siding, was shot in the shoulder and seriously wounded. City Marshal Taylor, of Jackson, was notified by wire and ordered a force to the edge of the town, where he flagged the train and succeeded in arresting the ring leaders, nine men and two women. The other negroes were permitted to proceed to Arkansas.

A CONFLICT PEARED.

All Negroes in McKinney, Texas, Ordered to Leave the Town.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, TEXAS, Aug. 30.—Posses are scouring Collin, Dallas, Hunt and Denton counties for a negro, who last night broke into the home of Mrs. Shackleford, a white resident of McKinney. After a desperate struggle, in which she was severely cut and bruised, Mrs. Shackleford drove off her assailant. Posses were formed at once to lynch the negro but so far he has evaded his pursuers

All the negroes in McKinney have been given time to leave the town and a serious conflict is feared.

LYNCHERS SENTENCED.

Ten Years in Penitentiary Under Conviction of Murder in Second Degree.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WETUMPKA, ALA., Aug. 30.—Last night the jury hearing the cases of John Strength and Martin Fuller, charged with having participated in the lynching of Robert White, a negro, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced the defendants to ten years in the penitentiary.

The case of John Thomas, the white man with whom Robert White and his brother, Winston, had the difficulty which resulted in the lynching of Robert, is now on trial.

GOOD RAINS IN TEXAS.

Considerable Damage to Cotton Bolls by High Winds Reported.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WACO, August 30.—A good rain fell in this city this afternoon, the first since June. Good rains are reported all over the country, north and east of here.

HOUSTON, TEXAS, Aug. 30.—Reports from several counties in south Texas, show that heavy rains fell to-day, accompanied by high winds, which have done considerable damage to cotton bolls. No other damage is reported so far. The rain extended as far north as Corsicana, being the first good down pour in the section between Houston and that town since last June.

WARM WIRELETS.

The President has appointed Wm. H. Hunt, of Montana, to be Governor of Porto Rico.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland has consented to deliver the oration at Founders' Day, of the Carnegie Institute, on Thursday, November 7th.

The Pope has celebrated in Latin verse the inauguration yesterday on the summit of Mount Capreo, near Carpineto, Italy, his birthplace, of a gigantic cross.

The total bank clearings for the week ended August 29th, are $1,740,055,664, an increase of 54.1 per cent. Outside New York, $643,333,527; increase 28.9 per cent.

The coal miners' convention at Hazelton, Pa., has authorized the respective district executive boards to declare local strikes where last Spring's agreements have been violated by the companies.

The wreck of the south bound passenger train on the Sodus Bay division of the Pennsylvania railroad (Northern Central) Thursday night has resulted up to last night in the death of eleven persons.

General Manager L. E Johnson, of the Norfolk and Western railroad, said concerning a rumor that the company had determined to extend its system from Bristol to Knoville, Tenn., that he knew nothing of such a plan.

Wm K. Vanderbilt, Jr., was summoned to police court in Newport, R. I., and fined $10 and costs for allowing his automobile to exceed the speed fixed by the city ordinance. The offence was committed on Ridge road Wednesday.

Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, while in Chicago yesterday, announced that Governor Shaw, of Iowa, will be a candidate for President The Senator also said that Iowa and a considerable portion of the middle West would back Iowa's favorite son.

Brigadier General William Ludlow, U. S. A., died at Convent, N. J., of consumption yesterday. His illness was first noticed on his arrival in the Philippines in May last. He was at once sent home in the hope that the American climate would restore him.

STILL HUNTING FRANCIS.

The Negro Who Murdered Miss Henderson Near Columbus, Mo.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, MO., August 30.—It was learned to-night that Will Francis, the negro who assaulted and murdered Miss Mary Henderson near Columbus, Mo., Tuesday afternoon, had boarded a west bound Missouri Pacific train three miles west of Holden. The train left at 8.30 o'clock and a telegram to the conductor was sent to Pleasant Hill. The conductor replied that the negro rode ten miles and jumped off near Trasburg, where there is a dense forest. A posse from Holden immediately started for the neighborhood in which the negro is supposed to be in hiding.

TENEMENT HOUSE FIRE.

Four Persons Killed and Seven Others Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Four persons were killed and seven seriously injured in a tenement fire in Brooklyn tonight. The dead are: Mrs. Rosie Rothgiser, 37 years of age, jumped from a fourth story window; Annie Beck, 10 years; Tillie Beck, five years; Frank Dudd, infant.

The explosion of a kerosene oil stove started the fire. Nets were spread to catch those who jumped from the windows. Mrs. Rothgiser missed the net, struck on the sidewalk and was instantly killed.

COLUMBIA COTTON MILLS.

About Half the Regular Number of Employes Returned to Work.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 30.—About half the regular number of employes returned to the mills to-day. By count, 710 people, half of them children, entered in the Olympia, Richland and Granby mills this morning. Another meeting of the union was held last night at which many new members were initiated.

In Substitute Feeding

for infants, physicians agree that cow's milk is the basis for all beginnings. What is required then is the best possible milk product. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is ideal, pure, sterile and guarded against contamination.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Board at Worsly's Dairy Lunch, $3.00 to $3.50 per week. Open at all hours, day or night. au 31 6t*

For Rent—House No. 406 on Walnut street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, containing eight rooms, with modern improvements. Apply to J. F. Bails, corner Fourth and Walnut streets. we su au 25 tf

Lost—On road between Masonboro Sound and city ladies' pocket book containing $10 gold piece marked M R. W. and other money. Liberal reward for return to Williams Bros. au 29 1f

Mules for Sale.—Two fine timber Mules and one sound gentle Horse. Also 500 000 sawed Shingles for sale cheap. Apply to B. F. Keith Co. au 29 3t

Wanted—Hands to clear land. Call at 22 Market street before 10 A. M. au 28 1w

Graphophone—For sale a Columbia nickel-in-the slot Graphophone, in perfect order. Has six records, horn and hearing tubes. Will be sold at a reduced price. Apply at the STAR office. au 27 1w

H Hauser, the Swiss Watchmaker, has removed to No. 24 Second street. Good work at reasonable prices with guarantee is his motto. au 27 1w

For Sale—Business location on Cape Fear river known as White Hall. Property includes twenty acres of Land, Ferry, Turpentine Still and fixtures, Grist and Saw Mill, and Cotton Gin and Press, Store House and Dwelling. Apply to The Worth Co. Wilmington, N. C. my 14 tf

The Very finest Fish, Oysters, Game and Country Produce for sale daily Jno. S. Harriss, Front Street Market. Bell 'Phone 438. mar 1 tf

Buggies, Farm and Delivery Wagons, Carts, Drays, Harness of all grades, Whips, Lap Robes, Blankets and Storm Covers at very low prices. Repairing of all kinds done. Black smith and Harness shops Third street, opposite Court House. P. H. Hayden. dec 30 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion S C. The Worth Co. oct 26 tf

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern Sons, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 99. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons' Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

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Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 6 tf

THANK YOU, THANK YOU.

To My Many Customers!

The Confederate re-union has brought lots of our friends to the city from all over North and South Carolina. They have been to see us in large numbers. Our trade has been just splendid this week. It is very gratifying to know that our place is so very popular with the country people. Come and see us; you are always welcome whether you want to buy anything or not. We are doing all we have claimed to have been doing for the past several weeks —closing out Summer Goods. We will have a special Umbrella sale this week. We sell a nice Steel Rod, Congo handle Umbrella for 38c; gold and silver trimmed Umbrellas for 50c. Just received 100 Ladies' Umbrellas with beautiful handles, for 75c each. Special — Gentlemen's self-opening Umbrellas, with elegant tops for $1.25 each. Ladies' all silk top Umbrellas with Congo handles for $1 each. We have a thousand Umbrellas to show. You can get anything you want.

A big line of new Trunks on hand. If you are thinking of going away and need a trunk of any kind, come and see us. We do the trunk business of the city. We have them in every style and at any price—from 50c to $18.00 each. We have about 25 Porch Screens to give away. A screen we sold for 69c now 38c; larger ones in proportion. We have just added to our stock a full line of Lamps from 15c to $1.50 each. The new nickel, centre draft Lamp that sells everywhere for $1.75, my price $1.38. The best lead Lamp Chimneys 5c; burners, 5c; wicks, 5c a dozen. About 50 pairs Ladies' Slippers, in small sizes, to sell for 25c this week. Lawns and Percales at half price.

We have the best and largest assortment of men's pants in the city. We have about 500 pair selling at cost to get room. Do you need any shoes? In this line, do you know we carry as good an assortment as any house in North Carolina? We buy our shoes for spot cash, direct from factory and every pair is guaranteed. If you need shoes for any of the family come to see us. We have a line of spring heel shoes for Ladies, regular price $1.50, my price $1.00. Ladies that buy our Vicious shoe at $1.50 will buy no other in the future, they are good $2.00 shoe. We have a beautiful line of children's shoes; just received 300 pairs, from No. 0 up. We sell Baby shoes from 15c to $1.00. Our 50c shoe is all solid, servicable and stylish looking

We have a few Hammocks left that we will sell at almost half price rather than carry them over. If you want a Hammock come to us for it. We have 500 yards yard-wide Percales, in remnants, to sell for 5c per yard. Ladies' trimmed Summer Hats at half price. We need both room and money. If you want something for nearly nothing now is the time to get it from us.

Remember we are giving away lots of Chairs and Tables, Glassware and Pictures with cash purchases. Bring your card and get it punched with your purchases.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

208 AND 210 NORTH FRONT STREET.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, PROP.

P. S.—Mosquito Nets complete for $1.10 this week. aug 18 tf

J. H. Rehder & Co. J. H. Rehder & Co.

Great Remnant Sale.

Commencing Monday, August 26, 7 A. M.

One of the largest Dry Goods Houses in New York have just closed out to us their entire stock of short pieces Satins, Percales, Outings, Sheetings, Cashmeres, Calicoes, Lawns, Dimities, Ducks, Piques, Dennins, Ginghams, Silk, etc., at half real value.

The most magnificent bargains can be obtained by visiting us this week.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

Remnants.....Remnants.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2 and upwards. au 25 tf



YOU PAY FOR HALF at our AND GET THE WHOLE Special sale of Furniture. Not since our last clearing sale has there been such an opportunity to secure bargains in all lines. We transform a dull month into a bright one for

FURNITURE

buyers. We lop a third and even a half, off regular price and sell regular goods at the smallest figures ever known. Here's some that talk.

MUNROE & KELLY'S,

No. 17 South Front street.
Bell 'Phone 118. aug 28 tf

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jan 3 tf

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$460.11 in American Salt,
$ 76.40 in Rock Alum Salt,
$110.49 in Pocket Salt,
$410.15 in Bunker Hill Flour,
$475.16 in Favorite Flour,
$ 70.11 in Brooms,
$110.16 in Water Buckets,
$ 78.65 in N. C. Hams,

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W. B. COOPER,

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308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
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Louisville, Ky
jan 3 tf

WE NOW HAVE SOMETHING TO OFFER YOU.

You can save money by going to WARREN'S CAFE for your Lunch. ASK FOR IT.

Warren's Steam Bakery and Cafe.

jy 16 tf 22 North Front Street.